

# Overview and Configuration Manual

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## **Manual Revisions**

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<b>Section/Chapter</b>	<b>Changes</b>
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N/A	
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# Introduction

# Introduction

## About this Manual

This manual contains information about the functions of the LonWorks CIAT Translator module with LON FT-10A (free topology) communication and how the user configures the LonWorks CIAT Translator to perform those functions.

The manual is divided into the following sections:

- Introduction
- Operating Characteristics
- Configuration
- Maintenance

The Introduction consists of this description of the manual.

The Operating Characteristics section contains a description of the CIAT Translator hardware and a summary description of its configuration and maintenance tables.

The Configuration section contains detailed lists of the decisions for each CIAT Translator configuration table. Each list entry includes the decision's purpose, the range of values that may be used, and the default values that will appear in the decision if it is not configured by the user. The mapping tables include an explanation of each decision, along with the LonWorks read/write access, LON Variable Type, and an example CPP point name.

The Maintenance section contains detailed lists of the decisions for each CIAT Translator maintenance table. Each list entry includes the decision's purpose and the range of values that may be displayed.

The Appendix contains examples of actual configurations for a chiller, rooftop, and generic template, along with a list of LON SNVTs and corresponding CPP (Chiller Proprietary Protocol) point names and descriptions.



# Operating Characteristics

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## **Operating Characteristics**

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The LonWorks CIAT Translator with LON FT-10A (free topology) communication is a micro controller-based module that provides the ability to integrate CIAT CPP-based controllers into LonWorks-based networks.

The LonWorks CIAT Translator (33CNTRANLON) provides CPP to LON FT-10A ANSI/EIA-709.1 protocol conversion.

The CIAT Translator can be mounted in the controls section of any CPP equipment and converts the CPP-based controller data to LonWorks. The CIAT Translator is outdoor duty rated and contains a CPP RS-485 connector and a LON FT-10A communications connector.

The LonWorks CIAT Translator can convert CIAT equipment with CPP controls to LON and outputs the CPP data in standard LON Rooftop or Chiller profiles. CIAT rooftop units can be converted to the standard LonMark Rooftop Unit (RTU) Functional profile 8030 Version 1.1. CIAT chillers can be converted to the standard LonMark Chiller Functional profile 8040 Version 1.0. The chiller and rooftop profiles include additional LON SNVTs beyond those required by the LON standard profiles. These additional SNVTs allow for enhanced LON capability beyond the standard LON-defined profiles. In addition to the rooftop and chiller profiles, a generic LON profile is also supplied. This profile can be used to convert CIAT controllers that may not convert efficiently into the LonMark Rooftop or Chiller profiles.

When connected to a CPP controller, the LonWorks CIAT Translator allows a third party LON device to read and write to the CPP controller's mapped status display, time schedule, and setpoint schedule data. Note that LON status display write access is subject to the CPP equipment controller's defined read/write access for each status display item.

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## **Templates**

The LonWorks CIAT Translator contains chiller, rooftop, and generic LON templates that allow mapping of various CPP points to LON SNVTs. Tables 2-1 through 2-3 show the type and quantity of CPP points in each supplied template.

**Table 2-1**  
Rooftop Template

Reads	Writes
Space Temperature	Space Temperature
Outdoor Air Temperature	Outdoor Air Temperature
Outdoor Air Humidity	Outdoor Air Humidity
CO2 (PPM)	Space Humidity
Cooling Coil %	CO2 (PPM)
Heating Coil %	Supply Air Setpoint (VAV)
Economizer Position %	Setpoint Offset
Fan Speed %	6 Setpoints (degF)
Normal/Alarm Discrete	1 Setpoint (PPM)
Controlling Setpoint	Occupancy Schedule (>64E)
4 Generic Temperature	1 Generic Temperature
8 Generic Discrete	3 Generic Discrete
2 Generic Pressure ("H2O)	3 Generic Discrete
3 Generic Percentage	1 Generic Pressure ("H2O)
2 Generic Delta Temp	2 Generic Percentage
2 Generic (0 to 65535)	1 Generic (0 to 65535)
2 Generic (-32767 to 32767)	

**Table 2-2**  
Chiller Template

Reads	Writes
Percent Capacity	Chiller Start/Stop
Active Demand Limit Percent	Active Demand Limit Percent
Chilled Water Control Temp	Chilled Water Control Temp
Entering Chilled Water Temp	Hot Water Control Temp
Leaving Chilled Water Temp	Occupancy Schedule (>64E)
Entering Cond Water Temp	1 Generic Temperature
Leaving Cond Water Temp	2 Generic Discrete
Chilled Water Flow Discrete	1 Generic Pressure (PSI)
Cond Water Flow Discrete	1 Generic (0 to 65535)
6 Generic Temperature	
6 Generic Discrete	
4 Generic Pressure (PSI)	
2 Generic Percentage	
2 Generic Delta Temp	
2 Generic (0 to 65535)	
2 Generic (-32767 to 32767)	

**Table 2-3**  
Generic Template

Reads	Writes
Cooling Coil %	6 Setpoints (degF)
Heating Coil %	Occupancy Schedule (>64E)
Second Heating Coil %	3 Generic Temperature
Economizer Position %	3 Generic Discrete
Fan Speed %	1 Generic Pressure ("H2O)
Normal/Alarm Discrete	1 Generic Pressure (PSI)
8 Generic Temperature	2 Generic Percentage
8 Generic Discrete	1 Generic PPM
2 Generic Pressure ("H2O)	1 Generic (0 to 65535)
4 Generic Pressure (PSI)	
4 Generic Percentage	
2 Generic Delta Temp	
1 Generic PPM	
2 Generic (0 to 65535)	
2 Generic (-32767 to 32767)	

## Default Address and Baud Rate

The LonWorks CIAT Translator's default CPP address is 0,200 (bus number, system element number). The default CPP baud rate is 9600 bps.

Each LonWorks CIAT Translator has a unique LON address. The LON address can be sent to LON configuration tools when the LON service pin is pressed.

The CIAT Translator has three LEDs that are used to indicate operational status:

**Table 2-4**  
CIAT Translator LEDs

LED	Color	Indicates
Status	Red	Operating, initialization and configuration status. The LED blinks at a 2 Hz rate when initializing and at 1 Hz when operating correctly.
CPP	Yellow	The CIAT Translator is sending CPP communication messages to the connected CPP controller. If the connected CPP controller is responding, its CPP LED will blink when a message is sent back to the CIAT Translator.

(continued)

**Table 2-4**  
CIAT Translator LEDs  
(continued)

LED	Color	Indicates
LON	Green	The CIAT Translator is sending LON communication messages to the third party LonWorks network.

## **LonWorks CIAT Translator Configuration Tables**

The CIAT Translator contains the configuration tables listed below. For descriptions of the decisions in each table, refer to the Configuration section of this manual. The purpose of each table is summarized on the following pages.

CIAT Translator Device Configuration Table (CtlID)  
 Chiller Mapping Table 1 (CHLRMAP1)  
 Chiller Mapping Table 2 (CHLRMAP2)  
 CIAT Translator Configuration Table (CONFIG)  
 Generic Mapping Table 1 (GNRCMAP1)  
 Generic Mapping Table 2 (GNRCMAP2)  
 Rooftop Unit Mapping Table 1 (RTUMAP1)  
 Rooftop Unit Mapping Table 2 (RTUMAP2)

### **CIAT Translator Configuration Table**

The CIAT Translator Configuration Table (CONFIG) contains decisions used to specify the following:

- LonWorks Profile (Rooftop, Chiller, Generic)
- CPP Address
- Auto-mapping
- Reset Points Profile

### **Chiller Mapping Tables**

The Chiller Mapping Tables (CHLRMAP1 and CHLRMAP2) are used to map or associate CPP points with the variables in the LonWorks Chiller profile, which is based on LonMark Functional Profile Chiller 8040 V 1.0. These tables are configured if the CIAT Translator CONFIG Table's Device Type decision is set to 2 (Chiller).

### **Generic Mapping Tables**

The CIAT Translator's Generic Mapping Tables (GNRCMAP1 and GNRCMAP2) are used to map or associate CPP points with the variables in the LonWorks generic controller profile. These tables are configured if the CIAT Translator CONFIG Table's Device Type decision is set to 3 (Generic). This table could be used, for example, to allow LON access to an air handler.

## **Rooftop Mapping Tables**

The CIAT Translator's Rooftop Mapping Tables (RTUMAP1 and RTUMAP2) are used to map or associate CPP points with the variables in the LonWorks rooftop profile, which is based on LonMark Function Profile Rooftop Unit 8030 Version 1.1. The table is configured if the CIAT Translator CONFIG Table's Device Type decision is set to 1 (Rooftop).

## **CIAT Translator Device Configuration Table**

The CIAT Translator contains a Device Configuration Table (CtrlID). By changing the information that appears in this table, you can change the name, description, and location that appears for the CIAT Translator in the CPP front end's Controller List.

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## **CIAT Translator Maintenance Tables**

The CIAT Translator contains the following maintenance tables:

- Chiller Mapping Table 1 (CHLRMNT1)
- Chiller Mapping Table 2 (CHLRMNT2)
- Communication Status Table (COMSTAT)
- Generic Mapping Table 1 (GNRCMNT1)
- Generic Mapping Table 2 (GNRCMNT2)
- LonWorks Messages Table (MESSAGES)
- Rooftop Unit Mapping Table 1 (RTUMNT1)
- Rooftop Unit Mapping Table 2 (RTUMNT2)

## **Chiller, Rooftop, Generic Mapping Maintenance Tables**

The maintenance values displayed in these tables are read-only values that show the current value of the CPP points that have been mapped to the Lonworks variables as the points exist in the CPP system element. These values are updated every 30 seconds. Note that if a LonWorks read (nvo) and write (nvi) variable have been mapped to the same CPP point, they will display the same value in the maintenance table display.

## **Communication Status Maintenance Table**

The maintenance values displayed in this table are read-only values that show diagnostic data about LonWorks-to-CPP system element communication.

## **Messages Maintenance Table**

The maintenance values displayed in this table are read-only values that show diagnostic data about LonWorks-to-CPP system element communication messages.



# Configuration

# Configuration

The LonWorks CIAT Translator's operation is controlled by decisions entered in a group of configuration tables. The CIAT Translator contains the following configuration tables:

CTLR_ID	CIAT Translator Controller Identification Table
CHLRMAP1	Chiller Mapping Configuration Table 1
CHLRMAP2	Chiller Mapping Configuration Table 2
CONFIG	CIAT Translator Configuration Table
GNRCMAP1	Generic Configuration Table 1
GNRCMAP2	Generic Configuration Table 2
RTUMAP1	Rooftop Unit Configuration Table 1
RTUMAP2	Rooftop Unit Configuration Table 2

## Configuration Process

LonWorks CIAT Translator configuration and start-up consists of four main processes:

1. Physically connect the LonWorks CIAT Translator to the CPP system element.
2. Select the appropriate LonWorks profile. You do this in the CONFIG Table.
3. Map, or associate, CPP points with LonWorks points by configuring the appropriate set of configuration tables (rooftop, chiller, or generic), depending on the device type that you selected in the CONFIG Table.
4. Commission the CIAT Translator on the LonWorks network.

Each of the above-listed processes is discussed below.

### Select the LonWorks Profile

1. Connect the target CPP system element to the CIAT Translator's CPP connector. Confirm that the element is powered and communicating on the CPP Bus.
2. Using a CPP front end (such as Service Tool) access the CIAT Translator's CONFIG Table and select the appropriate LonWorks profile (Rooftop, Chiller, or Generic) by entering a 1, 2, or a 3 into the CONFIG Table's Device Type decision.

3. Enter appropriate values into all CONFIG Table decisions and download the CONFIG Table into the CIAT Translator.

If the CIAT Translator is on a CPP bus with elements other than the single CPP device with which it is communicating, you must:

- Set Bus and Element #s
- Set the Reset Points Profile decision to *Yes*
- Download.

This chapter's CIAT Translator Configuration (CONFIG) Table section contains explanations of and allowable entries and default values for each CONFIG Table decision.

After approximately 5 seconds, the CIAT Translator should identify the target CPP system element and begin to download its tables. This takes 10 to 40 seconds, depending on the number of tables in the target CPP system element. During this period, the Yellow LED will flash to indicate CPP bus activity. When the flashing stops, the download is complete.

**Note:** Do not cycle CIAT Translator power within 30 seconds of downloading the CONFIG Table or any of the mapping tables. Be sure that the Yellow CPP LED is NOT flashing.

#### **Map CPP Points with LonWorks Variables**

1. Using a CPP front end, access the appropriate set of configuration tables, depending on the value you specified in the CONFIG Table's Device Type decision :

Rooftop (Device Type 1) - RTUMAP1 and RTUMAP2  
Chiller (Device Type 2) - CHLRMAP1 and CHLRMAP2  
Generic (Device Type 3) - GNRCMAP1 and GNRCMAP2

2. You will now "map" or associate CPP point names with each LonWorks network variable name that is listed in the configuration tables. Note that those LonWorks network variables having read access begin with the characters *nvo* and LonWorks network variables with write access begin with the characters *nvi*.

Entries are case insensitive - upper or lower case characters may be used.

In the Lon structure, there are different types of points for reading and writing purposes. If a CPP point is to be both read and written to by the Lon system, it is recommended that you use two Lon points to accomplish this. The reason for using a separate Lon point to read the CPP point is in case that CPP point is forced by a higher level function than the CIAT Translator itself, which uses Control forces.

Also in the Lon structure, there are dedicated types of points for different types of generic values, such as Temperature, Temperature Difference, Pressure, Percent, and Discrete. You must associate a particular CPP point with the matching Lon point type or the CIAT Translator will not function properly.

In addition, for the CIAT Translator's chiller and rooftop mapping tables, the identity of some Lon points have been pre-determined to conform to the LonMark functional profile for the particular device type. Using these points, where possible, allows the generic point types that appear later in the mapping table to be used for other CPP points. Example: In the Chiller tables there are dedicated Lon points for Entering and Leaving Chilled Water Temperature, and in the Rooftop tables there are dedicated points for Space and Outside Air Temperature.

Explanations of each table decision, along with example CPP point names, can be found later in this Configuration chapter. Examples of completed templates and lists of SNVTs and corresponding CPP points can be found in the Appendix.

### **Check for Mapping Errors and Confirm Values in Maintenance Tables**

1. Using a CPP front end, access the two configuration mapping tables (chiller, rooftop, or generic) that were used in Step 2 of the Map CPP Points with LonWorks Variables procedure, which appears prior to this section of the Configuration chapter.
2. Download each table to the CIAT Translator and wait approximately one minute.

During this time the CIAT Translator performs error checking to verify if you have entered any non-existent point names as well as checks for correct point types (analog/discrete,etc.).
3. Upload the tables and check the displayed tables.

Look for any decisions that may have the message *error\*\*1* or *error\*\*2* displayed in their Value column. These messages indicate that the entry that was made for this decision is invalid:

*error\*\*1* Indicates that the point name was not found in the target CPP system element.

*error\*\*2* The point name was found on the target CPP device but the data type is not valid to this LonWorks network variable.

The errors should be corrected and the tables downloaded.

Example: If, in the CHILLERMAP1 Table, the nvoTEMP1 decision has been configured with the point name DP\_A, which is a pressure, the message *error\*\*2* will be displayed because this decision requires a temperature point.

After verifying that there are no error messages in either Configuration mapping Table, cycle power to the CIAT Translator and observe the yellow LED. This is the CPP communication indicator.

Approximately one minute after the yellow LED stops blinking, check the appropriate Maintenance Tables to confirm that the correct data is displayed for each configured point.

**Note:** The CIAT Translator polls the CPP system element every 30 seconds to both Read and Write CPP points.

### Commissioning the Device on the LonWorks Network

The CIAT Translator is now fully commissioned on the CIAT/CPP side and is ready for the Lon systems integrator to commission the Lon side using a Lon software tool such as LonMaker.

A list of the actual CPP points configured in the appropriate MAP1 and MAP2 templates should be supplied to the systems integrator to assist him/her with the commissioning process. A blank copy of these templates can be found in the Appendix of this manual. Additionally, the NeuronID of the Echelon Lon processor chip should also be supplied to the systems integrator. This is a 12 character alphanumeric code that can be found on a white label located along the upper edge of the control board, opposite the Lon connector.

After the LonWorks CIAT Translator is added to the LonWorks network, the LonWorks network variables that were mapped in this chapter's Map CPP Points with LonWorks Variables procedure can be used to read/write data points on the target CPP system element.

## **CIAT Translator Configuration (CONFIG) Table**

The CIAT Translator's CONFIG Table is shown below. An explanation of each decision, including allowable entries and default values follows.

**Note:** When starting up the CIAT Translator this is the first table you must configure.

**Figure 3-1**  
CIAT Translator  
Configuration(CONFIG)  
Table

The screenshot shows a software window titled "LEItest::LEI-LON::CONFIG: Configuration". The window has a toolbar with various icons at the top. Below the toolbar is a menu bar with "File", "Edit", "View", "Tools", "Help", and "Direct connection". The main area is a table with columns: Description, Value, Units, Name, and Notes. The table contains the following data:

Description	Value	Units	Name	Notes
Device Type	1		TYPE	
1=Rftp,2=Chillr,3=Gnrc				
Target Bus No.	0		BUS	
Target Address	31		ADDRESS	
Disable Auto-mapping	No		AUTOMAP	
Reset Points Profile	No		POINTS	
Reset Comm. Counters	No		COMM	
Alarm Acknowledger	Yes		ALARM	

**Device Type**  
**1=Rftp, 2=Chillr,  
3=Gnrc**

Use this decision to select the desired LonWorks Profile. After entering this value and downloading this table to the CIAT Translator, the appropriate LonWorks variable names will be loaded into the CIAT Translator.

**Allowable Entries**

1 = Rooftop  
2 = Chiller  
3 = Generic

**Default Value**

0

<b>Target Bus No.</b>	Use this decision to specify the bus number of the CPP system element to which the CIAT Translator is connected.	
	<p><b>Note:</b> If you do not enter a value for this decision or if the value is incorrect, the CIAT Translator will attempt to find the element address itself. You will then have to upload this table to check if the correct address has been found.</p>	
	<b>Allowable Entries</b>	0-239
	<b>Default Value</b>	0
<b>Target Address</b>	Use this decision to specify the number of the CPP system element to which the CIAT Translator is connected.	
	<p><b>Note:</b> If you do not enter a value for this decision or if the value is incorrect, the CIAT Translator will attempt to find the element address itself. You will then have to upload this table to check if the correct address has been found.</p>	
	<b>Allowable Entries</b>	0-239
	<b>Default Value</b>	0
<b>Disable Auto-mapping</b>	Use this decision to disable or enable the CIAT Translator's automatic mapping feature. Setting this decision to <i>No</i> will cause the CIAT Translator to upload mapping tables that may exist in the target CPP system element. Setting this decision to <i>Yes</i> will disable automatic mapping and will cause the CIAT Translator to use the mapping tables from the CIAT Translator.	
	<p><b>Note:</b> No current CPP system element contains automatic mapping tables.</p>	
	<b>Allowable Entries</b>	0 = No 1 = Yes
	<b>Default Value</b>	0

## **Reset Points Profile**

Use this decision to clear the contents of all of the CIAT Translator's CPP points to LonWorks variable mapping tables. This decision resets to *No* on completion of the operation. The following tables will be cleared:

RTUMAP1 and RTUMAP2  
CHLRMAP1 and CHLRMAP2  
GNRCMAP1 and GNRCMAP2

**Note:** Do not save this decision set to *Yes*. Do not cycle CIAT Translator power for at least 30 seconds after downloading this decision set to *Yes*. If you do cycle power within 30 seconds of downloading this decision as *Yes*, the CIAT Translator will return to its default address of 0,200 at a baud rate of 9600 baud.

<b>Allowable Entries</b>	0 = No 1 = Yes
--------------------------	-------------------

<b>Default Value</b>	0
----------------------	---

## **Reset Comm. Counters**

Use this decision to clear the COMMSTAT Maintenance Table's Num Successful Messages and Num Failed Messages counters. This decision resets to *No* on completion of the operation.

**Note:** Do not save this decision set to *Yes*.

<b>Allowable Entries</b>	0 = No 1 = Yes
--------------------------	-------------------

<b>Default Value</b>	0
----------------------	---

## **Alarm Acknowledger**

Use this decision to specify whether the CIAT Translator should act as a CPP alarm acknowledger for all alarm messages received from the CPP Bus. There must be only one CPP alarm acknowledger per CPP.

Note that alarms from the CIAT Translator's target system element are placed into the CIAT Translator's buffer.

<b>Allowable Entries</b>	0 = No 1 = Yes
--------------------------	-------------------

<b>Default Value</b>	1
----------------------	---

## Chiller Mapping Configuration (CHLRMAP1)

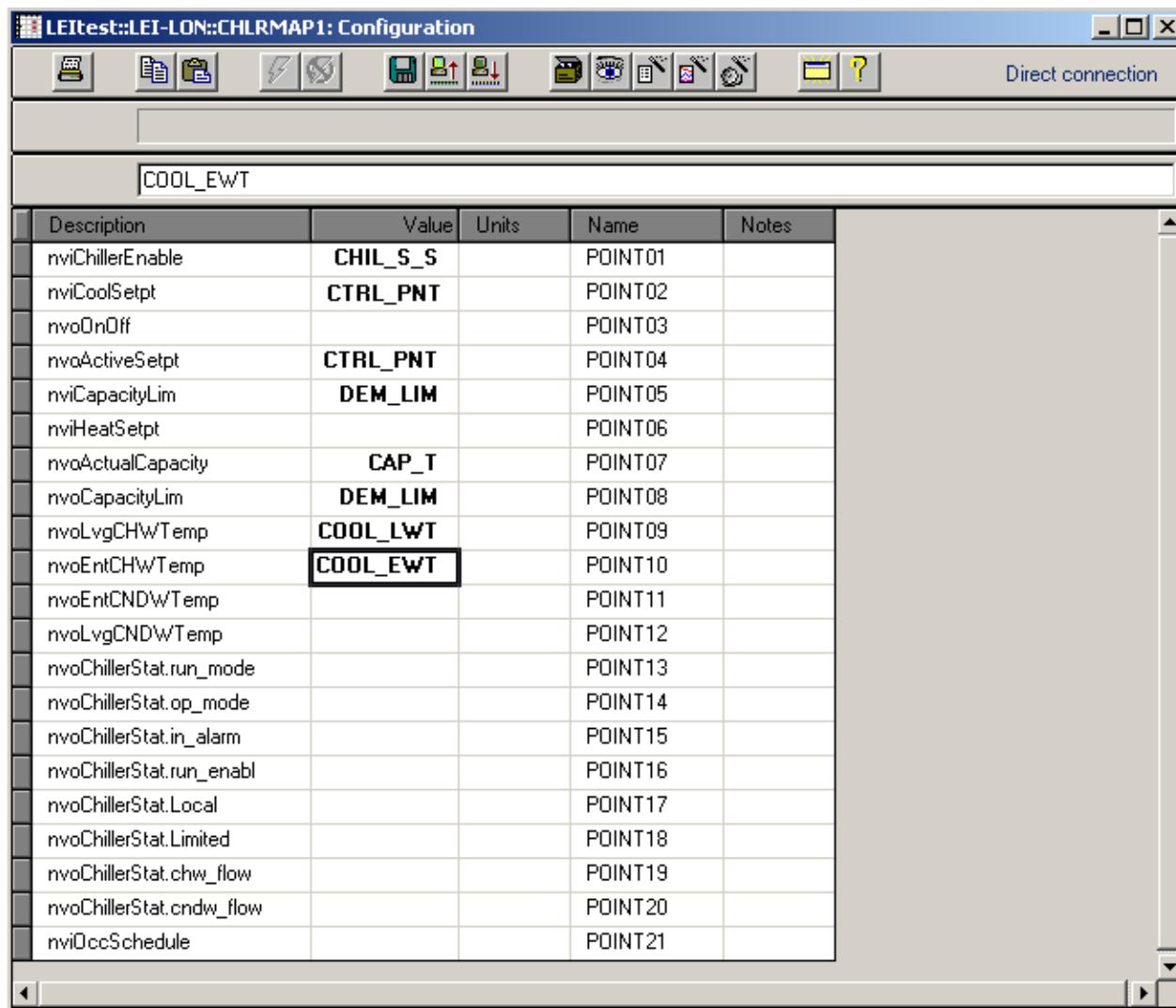
### Table 1

The CIAT Translator's CHLRMAP1 Table is used to map or associate CPP points with the variables in the LonWorks chiller profile (which is based on LonMark Functional Profile: Chiller 8040 V 1.0). This table should be configured if the CIAT Translator CONFIG Table's Device Type decision was set to 2 (Chiller). A sample CHLRMAP1 Table is shown below. An explanation of each decision, including LonWorks read/write access, LON Variable Type, along with an example CPP point name follows.

#### Allowable Entries and Default Value

CPP point names can consist of up to 8 characters. The default for each decision is blank.

**Figure 3-2**  
Chiller Mapping 1  
Configuration (CHLRMAP1)  
Table



The screenshot shows a software window titled "LEItest::LEI-LON::CHLRMAP1: Configuration". The window has a toolbar with various icons at the top. On the right side, there is a status bar with the text "Direct connection". The main area is a table with the following data:

Description	Value	Units	Name	Notes
nviChillerEnable	CHIL_S_S		POINT01	
nviCoolSetpt	CTRL_PNT		POINT02	
nvoOnOff			POINT03	
nvoActiveSetpt	CTRL_PNT		POINT04	
nviCapacityLim	DEM_LIM		POINT05	
nviHeatSetpt			POINT06	
nvoActualCapacity	CAP_T		POINT07	
nvoCapacityLim	DEM_LIM		POINT08	
nvoLvgCHWTemp	COOL_LWT		POINT09	
nvoEntCHWTemp	COOL_EWT		POINT10	
nvoEntCNDWTemp			POINT11	
nvoLvgCNDWTemp			POINT12	
nvoChillerStat.run_mode			POINT13	
nvoChillerStat.op_mode			POINT14	
nvoChillerStat.in_alarm			POINT15	
nvoChillerStat.run_enabl			POINT16	
nvoChillerStat.Local			POINT17	
nvoChillerStat.Limited			POINT18	
nvoChillerStat.chw_flow			POINT19	
nvoChillerStat.cndw_flow			POINT20	
nviOccSchedule			POINT21	

<b>nviChillerEnable</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the discrete CPP point that the LON system can write to in order to start or stop the chiller.
	<p><b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_switch</p> <p><b>Read/Write Access</b> Write</p> <p><b>Example</b> CHIL_S_S Chiller Start/Stop</p>
<b>nviCoolSetpt</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can write to in order to set the leaving chilled water temperature setpoint when the chiller is operating in cooling mode.
	<p><b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_p</p> <p><b>Read/Write Access</b> Write</p> <p><b>Example</b> CTRL_PNT Control Point</p>
<b>nvoOnOff</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the discrete CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the chiller's current status (on/off).
	<p><b>Note:</b> Most CPP chillers do not contain this point.</p> <p><b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_switch</p> <p><b>Read/Write Access</b> Read</p>
<b>nvoActiveSetpt</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to obtain the current value of the chiller's cooling or heating setpoint. The setpoint to be used (cooling or heating) depends on the chiller's current operating mode.
	<p><b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_p</p> <p><b>Read/Write Access</b> Read</p> <p><b>Example</b> CTRL_PNT Control Point</p>
<b>nviCapacityLim</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can write to in order to set the capacity limit of the chiller.
	<p><b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_lev_percent</p> <p><b>Read/Write Access</b> Write</p> <p><b>Example</b> DEM_LIM Active Demand Limit</p>

<b>nviHeatSetpt</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can write to in order to set the heating setpoint.
	<p><b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_p</p> <p><b>Read/Write Access</b> Write</p> <p><b>Example</b> CTRL_PNT Control Point</p>
<b>nvoActualCapacity</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to obtain the current running capacity of the chiller.
	<p><b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_lev_percent</p> <p><b>Read/Write Access</b> Read</p> <p><b>Example</b> CAP_T Percent Total Capacity</p>
<b>nvoCapacityLim</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to obtain the chiller's current capacity limit setpoint.
	<p><b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_lev_percent</p> <p><b>Read/Write Access</b> Read</p> <p><b>Example</b> DEM_LIM Active Demand Limit</p>
<b>nvoLvgCHWTemp</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to obtain the leaving chilled water temperature.
	<p><b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_p</p> <p><b>Read/Write Access</b> Read</p> <p><b>Example</b> LWT Leaving Fluid Temp</p>
<b>nvoEntCHWTemp</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to obtain the entering chilled water temperature.
	<p><b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_p</p> <p><b>Read/Write Access</b> Read</p> <p><b>Example</b> EWT Entering Fluid Temp</p>

<b>nvoEntCNDWTemp</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to obtain the entering condenser water temperature.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_p
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Read
	<b>Example</b> COND_EWT Condenser Entering Fluid
<b>nvoLvgCNDWTemp</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to obtain the leaving condenser water temperature.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_p
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Read
	<b>Example</b> COND_LWT Condenser Leaving Fluid
<b>nvoChillerStat.run_mode</b>	Use this decision to provide the name of the discrete CPP point that the LON system can read in order to obtain the main running mode of the chiller.
	<b>Note:</b> Most CPP chillers do not contain this point.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_chlr_status
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Read
<b>nvoChillerStat.op_mode</b>	Use this decision to provide the name of the discrete CPP point that the LON system can read in order to obtain the main operating status of the chiller.
	<b>Note:</b> Most CPP chillers do not contain this point.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_chlr_status
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Read
<b>nvoChillerStat.in_alarm</b>	Use this decision to provide the name of the discrete CPP point the LON system can read in order to obtain the alarm status of the chiller.
	<b>Note:</b> Most CPP chillers do not contain this point.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_chlr_status
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Read

<b>nvoChillerStat.run_enabl</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the discrete CPP point that the LON system can read in order to obtain the status of the chiller (start/stop).
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_chlr_status
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Read
	<b>Example</b> CHIL_S_S Chiller Start/Stop
<b>nvoChillerStat.Local</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the discrete CPP point that the LON system can read in order to obtain the chiller's local or network control status.
	<b>Note:</b> Most CPP chillers do not contain this point.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_chlr_status
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Read
<b>nvoChillerStat.Limited</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the discrete CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate that the chiller cannot reach setpoint.
	<b>Note:</b> Most CPP chillers do not contain this point.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_chlr_status
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Read
<b>nvoChillerStat.chw_flow</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the discrete CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate if chilled water flow is present.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_chlr_status
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Read
	<b>Example</b> COOLFLOW Cooler Flow Switch
<b>nvoChillerStat.cndw_flow</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the discrete CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate if condenser water flow is present.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_chlr_status
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Read
	<b>Example</b> CONDFLOW Condenser Flow Switch

<b>nviOccSchedule</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the CPP occupancy schedule that the LON system can write to in order to set occupancy times.
<b>Note:</b>	The chiller unit must be configured to use a global occupancy schedule (Allowable entries: OCCPC65E to OCCPC99E). Refer to the chiller documentation for additional information on the setup of the global occupancy schedule.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_tod_event
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	OCCPC66E Occupancy Equipment

---

## **Chiller Mapping Configuration (CHLRMAP2) Table 2**

---

<b>Allowable Entries and Default Value</b>	CPP point names can consist of up to 8 characters. The default for each decision is blank.
<b>nviTEMP1</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can write to in order to set an additional chiller operating temperature.
<b>nvoTEMP1 - 6</b>	Use these 6 decisions to specify the names of the analog CPP points that the LON system can read in order to obtain additional chiller operating temperatures.

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_temp_p
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	OAT Outdoor Air Temperature

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_temp_p
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	TMP_SCTA Saturated Condensing Temp

**Figure 3-3**  
 Chiller Mapping 2  
 Configuration (CHLRLMAP2)  
 Table

LEItest::LEI-LON::CHLRLMAP2: Configuration

InviTEMP1

Description	Value	Units	Name	Notes
nviTEMP1			POINT22	
nvoTEMP1	<b>EWT</b>		POINT23	
nvoTEMP2	<b>LWT</b>		POINT24	
nvoTEMP3			POINT25	
nvoTEMP4			POINT26	
nvoTEMP5			POINT27	
nvoTEMP6			POINT28	
nviPRESS1			POINT29	
nvoPRESS1			POINT30	
nvoPRESS2			POINT31	
nvoPRESS3			POINT32	
nvoPRESS4			POINT33	
nvoPCT1			POINT34	
nvoPCT2			POINT35	
nvoTEMPDIFF1			POINT36	
nvoTEMPDIFF2			POINT37	
nviDISCRETE1	<b>EMSTOP</b>		POINT38	
nviDISCRETE2			POINT39	
nvoDISCRETE1	<b>CHIL_S_S</b>		POINT40	
nvoDISCRETE2	<b>EMSTOP</b>		POINT41	
nvoDISCRETE3	<b>FAN_1</b>		POINT42	
nvoDISCRETE4	<b>FAN_2</b>		POINT43	
nvoDISCRETE5	<b>COOLFLOW</b>		POINT44	
nvoDISCRETE6			POINT45	
nviCOUNT1			POINT46	
nvoCOUNT1	<b>STAT</b>		POINT47	
nvoCOUNT2	<b>ALM</b>		POINT48	
nvoCOUNTinc1			POINT49	
nvoCOUNTinc2			POINT50	

**nviPRESS1**

Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can write to in order to set an additional chiller operating pressure.

- Note:**
1. Most CPP chillers do not allow write access to this point.
  2. For use with points having units of psi (kPa).

**LON Variable Type** SNVT\_press

**Read/Write Access** Write

**nvoPRESS1 - 4**

Use these 4 decisions to specify the names of the analog CPP points that the LON system can read in order to obtain additional chiller operating pressures.

- Note:**
1. For use with points having units of psi (kPa).

**LON Variable Type** SNVT\_press

**Read/Write Access** Read

**Example** SP\_A  
Suction Pressure Circuit A

**nvoPCT1 - 2**

Use these 2 decisions to specify the names of the analog CPP points the LON system can read in order to obtain additional chiller operating parameters in percentage.

**LON Variable Type** SNVT\_lev\_percent

**Read/Write Access** Read

**Example** CAPA\_A  
Percentage Operating Capacity

**nvoTEMPDIFF1 - 2**

Use these 2 decisions to specify the names of the analog CPP points that the LON system can read in order to obtain additional chiller differential temperatures.

**LON Variable Type** SNVT\_temp\_diff

**Read/Write Access** Read

**Example** SH\_A  
Suction Superheat

**nviDISCRETE1 - 2**

Use these 2 decisions to specify the names of the discrete CPP points that the LON system can write to in order to set additional discrete operating parameters.

**LON Variable Type** SNVT\_switch

**Read/Write Access** Write

**Example** EMSTOP  
Emergency Stop

**nvoDISCRETE1 - 6**

Use these 6 decisions to specify the names of the discrete CPP points that the LON system can read in order to obtain additional discrete operating parameters.

**LON Variable Type** SNVT\_switch

**Read/Write Access** Read

**Example** FANS\_1  
Fan 1 Relay

**nviCOUNT1**

Use this decision to specify the name of the analog or multi-state CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set additional analog or multi-state operating parameters.

**LON Variable Type** SNVT\_count

**Read/Write Access** Write

**Example** S\_HRS  
Service Ontime Hours

**nvoCOUNT1 - 2**

Use these decisions to specify the names of the analog or multi-state CPP points that the LON system will read in order to obtain additional analog or multi-state values.

**LON Variable Type** SNVT\_count

**Read/Write Access** Read

**Example** STAT  
Run Status

**nvoCOUNTinc1 - 2**

Use these decisions to specify the names of the analog or multi-state CPP points that the LON system will read in order to obtain additional analog or multi-state values.

**LON Variable Type** SNVT\_count\_inc

**Read/Write Access** Read

**Example** STAT  
Run Status

---

## Rooftop Mapping Configuration (RTUMAP1) Table 1

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The CIAT Translator's RTUMAP1 Table is used to map or associate CPP points with the variables in the LonWorks rooftop profile (which is based on LonMark Functional Profile: Rooftop Unit (RTU) 8030 Version 1.1). This table should be configured if the CIAT Translator CONFIG Table's Device Type decision was set to 1 (Rooftop). A sample RTUMAP1 Table is shown on the page which follows. An explanation of each decision, including LonWorks read/write access, LON Variable Type, along with an example CPP point name follows.

### Allowable Entries and Default Value

#### nviSpaceTemp

CPP point names can consist of up to 8 characters. The default for each decision is blank.

Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can write to in order to set the space temperature.

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_temp_p
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	SPT Space Temperature

#### nviSetPoint

Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can write to in order to set the temperature setpoint.

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_temp_p
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	CTRL_PNT Control Point

#### nvoSpaceTemp

Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the space temperature.

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_temp_p
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	SPT Space Temperature

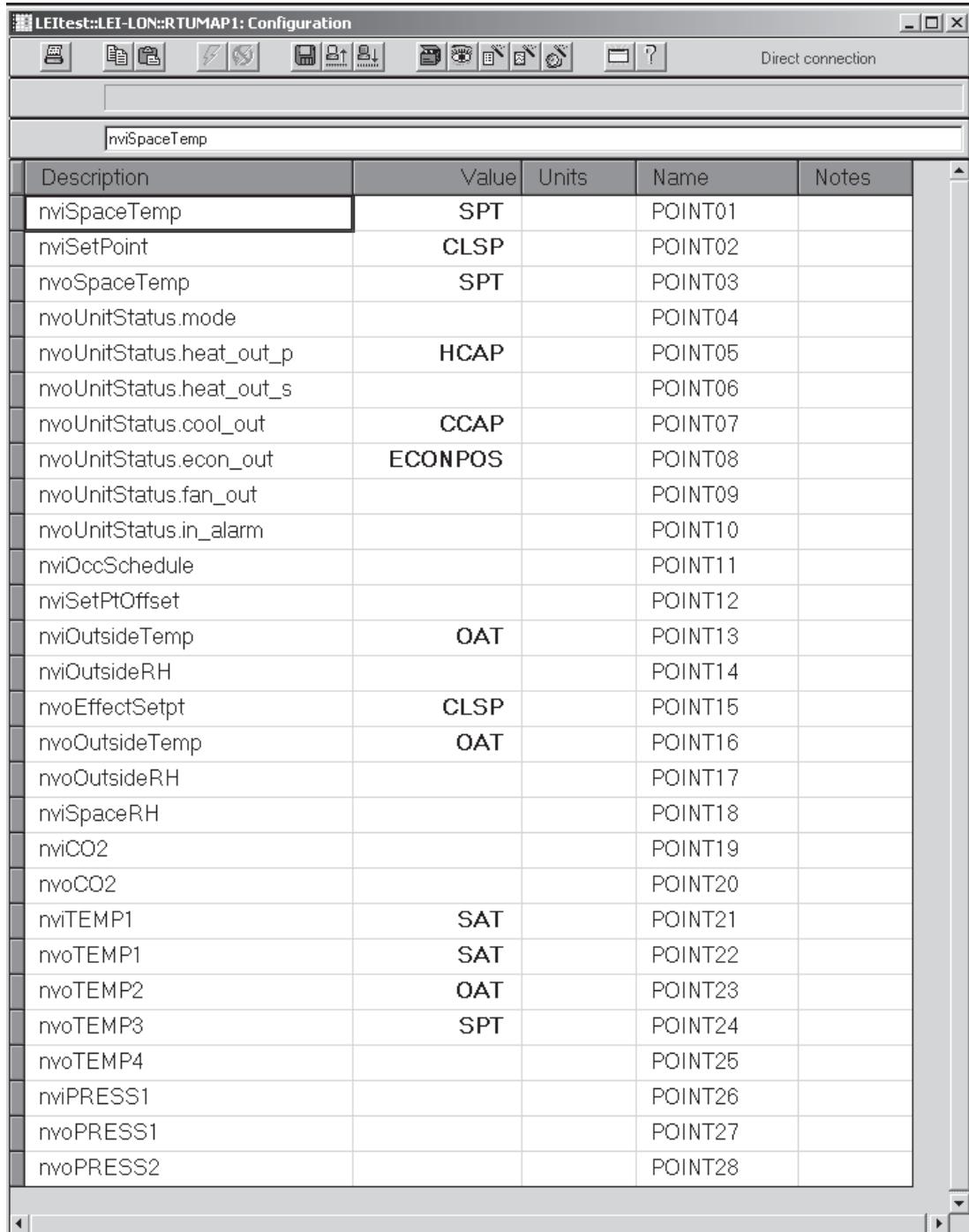
#### nvoUnitStatus.mode

Use this decision to specify the name of the discrete CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the rooftop's operating mode.

**Note:** CPP rooftops do not contain this point.

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_hvac_status
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read

**Figure 3-4**  
 Rooftop Mapping 1  
 Configuration(RTUMAP1)  
 Table



The screenshot shows a software window titled "LEItest::LEI-LON::RTUMAP1: Configuration". The window has a toolbar with various icons at the top. Below the toolbar is a search bar containing the text "nviSpaceTemp". The main area is a table with columns: Description, Value, Units, Name, and Notes. The table lists 28 rows of data, each corresponding to a parameter name and its configuration values.

Description	Value	Units	Name	Notes
nviSpaceTemp	SPT		POINT01	
nviSetPoint	CLSP		POINT02	
nvoSpaceTemp	SPT		POINT03	
nvoUnitStatus.mode			POINT04	
nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_p	HCAP		POINT05	
nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_s			POINT06	
nvoUnitStatus.cool_out	CCAP		POINT07	
nvoUnitStatus.econ_out	ECONPOS		POINT08	
nvoUnitStatus.fan_out			POINT09	
nvoUnitStatus.in_alarm			POINT10	
nviOccSchedule			POINT11	
nviSetPtOffset			POINT12	
nviOutsideTemp	OAT		POINT13	
nviOutsideRH			POINT14	
nvoEffectSetpt	CLSP		POINT15	
nvoOutsideTemp	OAT		POINT16	
nvoOutsideRH			POINT17	
nviSpaceRH			POINT18	
nviCO2			POINT19	
nvoCO2			POINT20	
nviTEMP1	SAT		POINT21	
nvoTEMP1	SAT		POINT22	
nvoTEMP2	OAT		POINT23	
nvoTEMP3	SPT		POINT24	
nvoTEMP4			POINT25	
nviPRESS1			POINT26	
nvoPRESS1			POINT27	
nvoPRESS2			POINT28	

<b>nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_p</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the current primary heat capacity in percent full scale.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_hvac_status
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	HCAP Heating % Total Capacity
<b>nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_s</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the current secondary heat capacity in percent full scale.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_hvac_status
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	HCAP Heating % Total Capacity
<b>nvoUnitStatus.cool_out</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the current secondary cooling capacity in percent full scale.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_hvac_status
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	CCAP Cooling % Total Capacity
<b>nvoUnitStatus.econ_out</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the current economizer position in percent full scale.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_hvac_status
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	ECONOPOS Economizer Position %
<b>nvoUnitStatus.fan_out</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the current fan speed in percent full scale.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_hvac_status
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	VFD Variable Frequency Drive Speed %

<b>nvoUnitStatus.in_alarm</b>	Use this decision to provide the name of the discrete CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the alarm status of the rooftop.
	<b>Note:</b> Most CPP rooftops do not contain this point.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_hvac_status
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Read
<b>nviOccSchedule</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the CPP occupancy schedule that the LON system can write to in order to set occupancy times.
	<b>Note:</b> The rooftop unit must be configured to use a global occupancy schedule (Allowable entries: OCCPC65E to OCCPC99E). Refer to the rooftop documentation for additional information on the setup of the global occupancy schedule.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_tod_event
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Write
	<b>Example</b> OCCPC66E Occupancy Equipment
<b>nviSetptOffset</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set the active temperature setpoint.
	<b>Note:</b> Most CPP rooftops do not contain this point.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_p
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Write
<b>nviOutsideTemp</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set the outside air temperature.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_p
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Write
	<b>Example</b> OAT Outside Air Temperature
<b>nviOutsideRH</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set the outside air relative humidity.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_lev_percent
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Write
	<b>Example</b> OARH Outside Air Relative Humidity

<b>nvoEffectSetpt</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the temperature setpoint.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_temp_p
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	CTRL_PNT Control Point
<b>nvoOutsideTemp</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the outside air temperature.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_temp_p
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	OAT Outside Air Temperature
<b>nvoOutsideRH</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the outside air relative humidity.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_lev_percent
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	OARH Outside Air Relative Humidity
<b>nviSpaceRH</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set the relative humidity.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_lev_percent
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	RH Relative Humidity
<b>nviCO2</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set the CO2 level in ppm.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_ppm
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	IAQ Indoor air quality

**nvoCO2** Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will read to indicate the CO2 level in ppm.

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_ppm
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	IAQ Indoor air quality

**nviTEMP1** Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set an additional rooftop operating temperature.

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_temp_p
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	OAT Outdoor Air Temperature

**nvoTEMP1-4** Use these 4 decisions to specify the analog CPP point names that the LON system will read to indicate additional rooftop operating temperatures.

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_temp_p
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	TMP_SCTA Saturated Condensing Temp

**nviPRESS1** Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set an additional rooftop operating pressure.

**Note:** For use with points having units of "H2O (Pa).

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_press_p
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	SP Static Pressure

## **nvoPRESS1 - 2**

Use these 2 decisions to specify the names of the analog CPP point that the LON system will read to indicate additional rooftop operating pressures.

**Note:** For use with points having units of "H2O (Pa).

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_press_p
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	SP Static Pressure

---

## **Rooftop Mapping Configuration (RTUMAP2)**

### **Table 2**

The CIAT Translator's RTUMAP2 Table is used to map or associate CPP points with the variables in the LonWorks rooftop profile. This table should be configured if the CIAT Translator CONFIG Table's Device Type decision was set to 1 (Rooftop). A sample RTUMAP2 Table is shown on the page which follows. An explanation of each decision, including LonWorks read/write access, LON Variable Type, along with an example CPP point name follows.

#### **Allowable Entries and Default Value**

CPP point names can consist of up to 8 characters. The default for each decision is blank.

## **nviPCT1-2**

Use these 2 decisions to specify the names of the analog CPP points that the LON system will write to in order to set additional rooftop operating parameters in percentage.

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_lev_percent
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	ECONPOS Economizer Position

## **nvoPCT1-3**

Use these 3 decisions to specify the names of the analog CPP point that the LON system will read to indicate additional rooftop operating parameters in percentage.

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_lev_percent
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	CAPA_A Percentage Operating Capacity

**Figure 3-5**

Rooftop Mapping 2  
Configuration (RTUMAP2)  
Table

LEItest::LEI-LON::RTUMAP2: Configuration

Description	Value	Units	Name	Notes
nviPCT1	ECONPOS		POINT29	
nviPCT2			POINT30	
nvoPCT1	IQMP		POINT31	
nvoPCT2	ECONPOS		POINT32	
nvoPCT3			POINT33	
nvoTEMPDIFF1	STO		POINT34	
nvoTEMPDIFF2			POINT35	
nviDISCRETE1	ENTH		POINT36	
nviDISCRETE2			POINT37	
nviDISCRETE3	SF		POINT38	
nvoDISCRETE1	ENTH		POINT39	
nvoDISCRETE2			POINT40	
nvoDISCRETE3	SF		POINT41	
nvoDISCRETE4	HS1		POINT42	
nvoDISCRETE5	HS2		POINT43	
nvoDISCRETE6	CMP1		POINT44	
nvoDISCRETE7	CMP2		POINT45	
nvoDISCRETE8	CMPSAFE		POINT46	
nciCO2Limit			POINT47	
nciSetPnts.occupied_cool			POINT48	
nciSetPnts.standby_cool			POINT49	
nciSetPnts.unocc_cool			POINT50	
nciSetPnts.occupied_heat			POINT51	
nciSetPnts.standby_heat			POINT52	
nciSetPnts.unocc_heat			POINT53	
nviCOUNT1	IAQS		POINT54	
nvoCOUNT1	IAQI		POINT55	
nvoCOUNT2	DAQ		POINT56	
nvoCOUNTinc1	FLTS		POINT57	
nvoCOUNTinc2			POINT58	

**nvoTEMPDIFF1 - 2**

Use these 2 decisions to specify the names of the analog CPP points that the LON system will read to indicate additional rooftop differential temperatures.

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_temp_diff
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	SH_A Suction Superheat

**nviDISCRETE1 - 3**

Use these 3 decisions to specify the names of the discrete CPP points that the LON system will write to in order to set additional discrete operating parameters.

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_switch
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	EMSTOP Emergency Stop

**nvoDISCRETE1 - 8**

Use these 8 decisions to specify the names of the discrete CPP points that the LON system will read to indicate additional discrete operating parameters.

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_switch
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	FANS_1 Fan 1 Relay

**nciCO2Limit**

Use this decision to provide the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set the CO2 threshold value.

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_ppm
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	IAQS Indoor Air Quality Setpoint

**nciSetpts.occupied\_cool**

Use this decision to provide the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set the occupied cooling setpoint.

<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_temp_setpt
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	OCSP Occupied Cool Setpoint

<b>nciSetpnts.standby_cool</b>	Use this decision to provide the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set the cooling setpoint in standby mode.
	<b>Note:</b> Most CPP rooftops do not use this mode.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_setpt
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Write
<b>nciSetpnts.unocc_cool</b>	Use this decision to provide the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set the unoccupied cooling setpoint.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_setpt
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Write
	<b>Example</b> UCSP Unoccupied Cool Setpoint
<b>nciSetpnts.occupied_heat</b>	Use this decision to provide the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set the occupied heating setpoint.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_setpt
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Write
	<b>Example</b> OHSP Occupied Heat Setpoint
<b>nciSetpnts.standby_heat</b>	Use this decision to provide the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set the heating setpoint in standby mode.
	<b>Note:</b> Most CPP rooftops do not use this mode.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_setpt
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Write
<b>nciSetpnts.unocc_heat</b>	Use this decision to provide the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set the unoccupied heating setpoint.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_setpt
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Write
	<b>Example</b> UHSP Unoccupied Heat Setpoint

<b>nviCOUNT1</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog or multi-state CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set additional analog or multi-state operating parameters.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_count
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	OASP OA cfm Setpoint
<b>nvoCOUNT1 - 2</b>	Use these 2 decisions to specify the names of the analog or multi-state CPP points that the LON system will read in order to obtain additional analog or multi-state values.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_count
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	OACFM OA Airflow
<b>nvoCOUNTinc1 - 2</b>	Use these 2 decisions to specify the names of the analog or multi-state CPP points that the LON system will read in order to obtain additional analog or multi-state values.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_count_inc
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	OACFM OA Airflow

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## **Generic Mapping Configuration (GNRCMAP1)**

### **Table 1**

---

The CIAT Translator's GNRCMAP1 Table is used to map or associate CPP points with the variables in the LonWorks generic controller profile. This table should be configured if the CIAT Translator CONFIG Table's Device Type decision was set to 3 (Generic). This table could be used, for example, to allow LON access to an air handler. A sample GNRCMAP1 Table is shown on the page which follows. An explanation of each decision, including LonWorks read/write access, LON Variable Type, along with an example CPP point name follows. The decision explanations and example point names below are taken from a CPP air handler. Keep in mind, however, that the generic controller profile can also be used with other types of CPP controllers.

#### **Allowable Entries and Default Value**

##### **nvoUnitStatus.mode**

CPP point names can consist of up to 8 characters. The default for each decision is blank.

Use this decision to specify the name of the discrete CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the air handler's operating mode.

**Note:** Most CPP air handlers do not contain this point.

**LON Variable Type** SNVT\_hvac\_status

**Read/Write Access** Read

##### **nvoUnitStatus.heat\_out\_p**

Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the current primary heat capacity in percent full scale.

**LON Variable Type** SNVT\_hvac\_status

**Read/Write Access** Read

**Example** HCV

Heating Coil Valve %

##### **nvoUnitStatus.heat\_out\_s**

Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the current secondary heat capacity in percent full scale.

**LON Variable Type** SNVT\_hvac\_status

**Read/Write Access** Read

**Example** HCV

Heating Coil Valve %

**Figure 3-6**  
 Generic Mapping 1  
 Configuration (GNRCMAP1)  
 Table

LEItest::LEI-LON::GNRCMAP1: Configuration

Direct connection

nvoUnitStatus.mode

Description	Value	Units	Name	Notes
nvoUnitStatus.mode			POINT01	
nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_p	<b>HCAP</b>		POINT02	
nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_s			POINT03	
nvoUnitStatus.cool_out	<b>CCAP</b>		POINT04	
nvoUnitStatus.econ_out	<b>MIXDCAP</b>		POINT05	
nvoUnitStatus.fan_out			POINT06	
nvoUnitStatus.in_alarm	<b>ALARM</b>		POINT07	
nviOccSchedule			POINT08	
nviTEMP1	<b>OAT</b>		POINT09	
nviTEMP2			POINT10	
nviTEMP3			POINT11	
nvoTEMP1	<b>SPT</b>		POINT12	
nvoTEMP2	<b>OAT</b>		POINT13	
nvoTEMP3	<b>SAT</b>		POINT14	
nvoTEMP4	<b>MAT</b>		POINT15	
nvoTEMP5			POINT16	
nvoTEMP6			POINT17	
nvoTEMP7			POINT18	
nvoTEMP8			POINT19	
nviPRESS1	<b>SP</b>		POINT20	
nviPRESS2			POINT21	
nvoPRESS1	<b>SP</b>		POINT22	
nvoPRESS2			POINT23	
nvoPRESS3			POINT24	
nvoPRESS4			POINT25	
nvoPRESS5			POINT26	
nvoPRESS6			POINT27	
nvoTEMPDIFF1			POINT28	
nvoTEMPDIFF2			POINT29	

<b>nvoUnitStatus.cool_out</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the current cooling capacity in percent full scale.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_hvac_status
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	CCV Cooling Coil Valve
<b>nvoUnitStatus.econ_out</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the current economizer position in percent full scale.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_hvac_status
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>nvoUnitStatus.fan_out</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the current fan speed in percent full scale.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_hvac_status
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	VFD Variable Frequency Drive Speed %
<b>nvoUnitStatus.in_alarm</b>	Use this decision to provide the name of the discrete CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate the alarm status of the air handler.
<b>Note:</b>	Most CPP air handlers do not contain this point.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_hvac_status
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read

<b>nviOccSchedule</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the CPP occupancy schedule that the LON system can write to in order to set occupancy times.
	<b>Note:</b> The CPP unit must be configured to use a global occupancy schedule (Allowable entries: OCCPC65E to OCCPC99E). Refer to the CPP documentation for additional information on the setup of the global occupancy schedule.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_tod_event
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Write
	<b>Example</b> OCCPC66E Occupancy Equipment
<b>nviTEMP1 - 3</b>	Use these 3 decisions to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can write to in order to set an additional air handler operating temperature.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_p
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Write
	<b>Example</b> OAT Outdoor Air Temperature
<b>nvoTEMP1 - 8</b>	Use these 8 decisions to specify the analog CPP point names that the LON system can read in order to indicate additional air handler operating temperatures.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_p
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Read
	<b>Example</b> SAT Supply Air Temperature
<b>nviPRESS1 - 2</b>	Use these 2 decisions to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can write to in order to set an additional air handler operating pressure.
	<b>Note:</b> 1. Most CPP air handlers do not allow write access to this point. 2. PRESS1 is for use with points having units of "H2O (Pa). 3. PRESS2 is for use with points having uints of psi (kPa).
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> PRESS1: SNVT_press_p PRESS2: SNVT_press
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Write

<b>nvoPRESS1 - 6</b>	Use these 6 decisions to specify the names of the analog CPP point that the LON system can read in order to indicate additional air handler operating pressures.
	<b>Note:</b> 1. PRESS1-2 are for use with points having units of "H2O (Pa). 2. PRESS3-6 are for use with points having units of psi (kPa).
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> PRESS1-2: SNVT_press_p <b>Read/Write Access</b> PRESS3-6: SNVT_press Read
	<b>Example</b> SP Static Pressure
<b>nvoTEMPDIFF1 - 2</b>	Use these 2 decisions to specify the names of the analog CPP points that the LON system can read in order to indicate additional air handler differential temperatures.
	<b>Note:</b> Most CPP air handlers do not contain these points.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_diff <b>Read/Write Access</b> Read
<b>Generic Mapping Configuration (GNRCMAP2) Table 2</b>	The CIAT Translator's GNRCMAP2 Table is used to map or associate CPP points with the variables in the LonWorks generic profile. This table, in addition to the GNRCMAP1 Table, should be configured if the CIAT Translator CONFIG Table's Device Type decision was set to 3 (Generic). A sample GNRCMAP2 Table is shown below. An explanation of each decision, including LonWorks read/write access, LON Variable Type, along with an example CPP point name follows. The decision explanations and example point names below are taken from a CPP air handler. Keep in mind, however, that the generic controller profile can also be used with other types of CPP controllers.
<b>nviPCT1 - 2</b>	CPP point names can consist of up to 8 characters. The default for each decision is blank.
	Use these 2 decisions to specify the names of the analog CPP points that the LON system will write to in order to set additional operating parameters in percentage.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_lev_percent <b>Read/Write Access</b> Write <b>Example</b> MIXD Mixed Air Damper

**Figure 3-7**  
 Generic Mapping 2  
 Configuration (GNRCMAP2)  
 Table

LEItest::LEI-LON::GNRCMAP2: Configuration

Direct connection

nviPCT1

Description	Value	Units	Name	Notes
nviPCT1	RH		POINT30	
nviPCT2			POINT31	
nvoPCT1	RH		POINT32	
nvoPCT2			POINT33	
nvoPCT3			POINT34	
nvoPCT4			POINT35	
nviDISCRETE1	FANSPD		POINT36	
nviDISCRETE2	FLTS		POINT37	
nviDISCRETE3			POINT38	
nvoDISCRETE1	FANSPD		POINT39	
nvoDISCRETE2	FLTS		POINT40	
nvoDISCRETE3	SFS		POINT41	
nvoDISCRETE4	REMOTE		POINT42	
nvoDISCRETE5	ENTH		POINT43	
nvoDISCRETE6	DI1		POINT44	
nvoDISCRETE7	DI2		POINT45	
nvoDISCRETE8			POINT46	
nciSetPnts.occupied_cool			POINT47	
nciSetPnts.standby_cool			POINT48	
nciSetPnts.unocc_cool			POINT49	
nciSetPnts.occupied_heat			POINT50	
nciSetPnts.standby_heat			POINT51	
nciSetPnts.unocc_heat			POINT52	
nviPPM	AQ		POINT53	
nvoPPM	AQ		POINT54	
nviCOUNT1			POINT55	
nvoCOUNT1	MODE		POINT56	
nvoCOUNT2			POINT57	
nvoCOUNTinc1			POINT58	
nvoCOUNTinc2			POINT59	

<b>nvoPCT1 - 4</b>	Use these 4 decisions to specify the names of the analog CPP points that the LON system can read in order to indicate additional air handler operating parameters in percentage.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_lev_percent
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Read
	<b>Example</b> RFVC Return Fan Volume Control
<b>nviDISCRETE1 - 3</b>	Use these 3 decisions to specify the names of the discrete CPP points that the LON system can write to in order to set additional discrete operating parameters.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_switch
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Write
	<b>Example</b> FLTS Filter Status
<b>nvoDISCRETE1 - 8</b>	Use these 8 decisions to specify the names of the discrete CPP points that the LON system can read in order to indicate additional discrete operating parameters.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_switch
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Read
	<b>Example</b> FANS_1 Fan 1 Relay
<b>nciSetpts.occupied_cool</b>	Use this decision to provide the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can write to in order to set the occupied cooling setpoint.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_setpt
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Write
	<b>Example</b> OCSP Occupied Cool Setpoint
<b>nciSetpts.standby_cool</b>	Use this decision to provide the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can write to in order to set the cooling setpoint in standby mode.
	<b>Note:</b> Most CPP air handlers do not use this mode.
	<b>LON Variable Type</b> SNVT_temp_setpt
	<b>Read/Write Access</b> Write

<b>nciSetpts.unocc_cool</b>	Use this decision to provide the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can write to in order to set the unoccupied cooling setpoint.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_temp_setpt
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	UCSP Unoccupied Cool Setpoint
<b>nciSetpts.occupied_heat</b>	Use this decision to provide the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can write to in order to set the occupied heating setpoint.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_temp_setpt
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	OHSP Occupied Heat Setpoint
<b>nciSetpts.standby_heat</b>	Use this decision to provide the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system can write to in order to set the heating setpoint in standby mode.  Most CPP air handlers do not contain this point.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_temp_setpt
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>nviPPM1</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set an additional operating parameter in PPM.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_ppm
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	AQ1 Air Quality 1 (ppm)
<b>nvoPPM1</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog CPP point that the LON system will read in order to obtain an additional analog values in PPM.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_ppm
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	AQ1 Air Quality 1 (ppm)

<b>nviCOUNT1</b>	Use this decision to specify the name of the analog or multi-state CPP point that the LON system will write to in order to set additional analog or multi-state operating parameters.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_count
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Write
<b>Example</b>	OASP OA cfm Setpoint
<b>nvoCOUNT1 - 2</b>	Use these 2 decisions to specify the names of the analog or multi-state CPP points that the LON system will read in order to obtain additional analog or multi-state values.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_count
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	OACFM OA Airflow
<b>nvoCOUNTinc1 - 2</b>	Use these 2 decisions to specify the names of the analog or multi-state CPP points that the LON system will read in order to obtain additional analog or multi-state values.
<b>LON Variable Type</b>	SNVT_count_inc
<b>Read/Write Access</b>	Read
<b>Example</b>	OACFM OA Airflow

# Maintenance

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## Maintenance

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The CIAT Translator contains the maintenance tables listed below.

CHLRMNT1	Chiller Maintenance Table 1
CHLRMNT2	Chiller Maintenance Table 2
COMMSTAT	Communication Status Maintenance Table
GNRCMNT1	Generic Maintenance Table 1
GNRCMNT2	Generic Maintenance Table 2
MESSAGES	Messages Maintenance Table
RTUMNT1	Rooftop Maintenance Table 1
RTUMNT2	Rooftop Maintenance Table 2

The maintenance values displayed in these tables are read-only values that show the current value of the CPP points that have been mapped to the Lonworks variables as the points exist in the CPP system element. These values are updated every 30 seconds. Note that if a LonWorks read (nvo) and write (nvi) variable have been mapped to the same CPP point, they will display the same value in the maintenance table display.

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### Chiller Maintenance (CHLRMNT1) Table 1

---

Figure 4-1 on the page which follows illustrates the Chiller Maintenance (CHLRMNT1) Table. An explanation of each value in the table follows. Note that the valid display ranges are dependent on the point.

#### **nviChillerEnable**

Indicates the commanded state of the chiller (on or off).

#### **nviCoolSetpt**

Indicates the commanded value for the leaving chilled water temperature setpoint when the chiller is operating in cooling mode.

#### **nvoOnOff**

Indicates the chiller's current status (on/off).

**Note:** Most CPP chillers do not contain this point.

#### **nvoActiveSetpt**

Indicates the current value of the chiller's cooling or heating setpoint. The setpoint to be displayed (cooling or heating) depends on the chiller's current operating mode.

#### **nviCapacityLim**

Indicates the commanded value for the capacity limit of the chiller.

**Figure 4-1**  
 Chiller Maintenance  
 (CHLRMNT1)  
 Table 1

LEItest::LEI-LON::CHLRMNT1: Maintenance Display

0.00

Description	Value	Units	Status	Force	Name	Notes
nviChillerEnable	1				POINT01	
nvoCoolSetpt	<b>44.0</b>	dF			POINT02	
nvoOnOff	0				POINT03	
nvoActiveSetpt	<b>44.0</b>	dF			POINT04	
nviCapacityLim	<b>100.0</b>	%			POINT05	
nviHeatSetpt	<b>0.0</b>	dF			POINT06	
nvoActualCapacity	<b>0.0</b>	%			POINT07	
nvoCapacityLim	<b>100.0</b>	%			POINT08	
nvoLvgCHWTemp	<b>-40.0</b>	dF			POINT09	
nvoEntCHWTemp	<b>-40.0</b>	dF			POINT10	
nvoEntCNDWTemp	<b>0.0</b>	dF			POINT11	
nvoLvgCNDWTemp	<b>0.0</b>	dF			POINT12	
nvoChillerStat.run_mode	0				POINT13	
nvoChillerStat.op_mode	0				POINT14	
nvoChillerStat.in_alarm	0				POINT15	
nvoChillerStat.run_enabl	0				POINT16	
nvoChillerStat.Local	0				POINT17	
nvoChillerStat.Limited	0				POINT18	
nvoChillerStat.chw_flow	<b>0.00</b>	GPM			POINT19	
nvoChillerStat.cndw_flow	<b>0.00</b>	GPM			POINT20	
nviOccSchedule	0				POINT21	

<b>nviHeatSetpt</b>	Indicates the commanded heating setpoint.
<b>nvoActualCapacity</b>	Indicates the current running capacity of the chiller.
<b>nvoCapacityLim</b>	Indicates the chiller's current capacity limit setpoint.
<b>nvoLvgCHWTemp</b>	Indicates the leaving chilled water temperature.
<b>nvoEntCHWTemp</b>	Indicates the entering chilled water temperature.
<b>nvoEntCNDWTemp</b>	Indicates the entering condenser water temperature.
<b>nvoLvgCNDWTemp</b>	Indicates the leaving condenser water temperature.
<b>nvoChillerStat.run_mode</b>	Indicates the main running mode of the chiller.  <b>Note:</b> Most CPP chillers do not contain this point.
<b>nvoChillerStat.op_mode</b>	Indicates the main operating status of the chiller.  <b>Note:</b> Most CPP chillers do not contain this point.
<b>nvoChillerStat.in_alarm</b>	Indicates the alarm status of the chiller.  <b>Note:</b> Most CPP chillers do not contain this point.
<b>nvoChillerStat.run_enabl</b>	Indicates the start or stop status of the chiller.
<b>nvoChillerStat.Local</b>	Indicates the chiller's local or network control status.  <b>Note:</b> Most CPP chillers do not contain this point.
<b>nvoChillerStat.Limited</b>	Indicates if the chiller cannot reach setpoint.  <b>Note:</b> Most CPP chillers do not contain this point.
<b>nvoChillerStat.chw_flow</b>	Indicates the presence of chilled water flow.
<b>nvoChillerStat.cndw_flow</b>	Indicates the presence of condenser water flow.
<b>nviOccSchedule</b>	Indicates the next commanded occupancy state, as determined by the CPP global occupancy equipment table.

## Chiller Maintenance (CHLMNT2) Table 2

**Figure 4-2**  
Chiller Maintenance  
(CHLRMNT2)  
Table 2

Figure 4-2 shown below illustrates the Chiller Maintenance (CHLRMNT2) Table. An explanation of each value in the table follows. Note that the valid display ranges are dependent on the point.

The screenshot shows a software window titled "LEItest::LEI-LON::CHLRMNT2: Maintenance Display". The window has a toolbar with various icons at the top. Below the toolbar is a menu bar with "File", "Edit", "View", "Tools", "Help", and "Direct connection". The main area is a table with the following data:

Description	Value	Units	Status	Force	Name	Notes
nviTEMP1	0.00	dF			POINT22	
nvoTEMP1	<b>-40.0</b>	dF			POINT23	
nvoTEMP2	<b>-40.0</b>	dF			POINT24	
nvoTEMP3	0.00	dF			POINT25	
nvoTEMP4	0.00	dF			POINT26	
nvoTEMP5	0.00	dF			POINT27	
nvoTEMP6	0.00	dF			POINT28	
nviPRESS1	0.00	PSI			POINT29	
nvoPRESS1	0.00	PSI			POINT30	
nvoPRESS2	0.00	PSI			POINT31	
nvoPRESS3	0.00	PSI			POINT32	
nvoPRESS4	0.00	PSI			POINT33	
nvoPCT1	0.0	%			POINT34	
nvoPCT2	0.0	%			POINT35	
nvoTEMPDIFF1	0.00	^F			POINT36	
nvoTEMPDIFF2	0.00	^F			POINT37	
nviDISCRETE1	0				POINT38	
nviDISCRETE2	0				POINT39	
nvoDISCRETE1	<b>1</b>				POINT40	
nvoDISCRETE2	0				POINT41	
nvoDISCRETE3	0				POINT42	
nvoDISCRETE4	0				POINT43	
nvoDISCRETE5	<b>1</b>				POINT44	
nvoDISCRETE6	0				POINT45	
nviCOUNT1	0				POINT46	
nvoCOUNT1	<b>4</b>				POINT47	
nvoCOUNT2	<b>1</b>				POINT48	
nvoCOUNTinc1	0				POINT49	
nvoCOUNTinc2	0				POINT50	

<b>nviTEMP1</b>	Indicates an additional chiller commanded operating temperature.
<b>nvoTEMP1 - 6</b>	Indicates additional chiller operating temperatures.
<b>nviPRESS1</b>	Indicates an additional chiller commanded operating pressure.
<b>nvoPRESS1 - 4</b>	Indicates additional chiller operating pressures.
<b>nvoPCT1 - 2</b>	Indicates additional chiller operating parameters in percentage.
<b>nvoTEMPDIFF1 - 2</b>	Indicates additional chiller differential temperatures.
<b>nviDISCRETE1 - 2</b>	Indicates additional commanded discrete operating parameters.
<b>nvoDISCRETE1 - 6</b>	Indicates additional discrete operating parameters.
<b>nviCOUNT1</b>	Indicates chiller commanded analog or multi-state parameter.  <b>Note:</b> This point will always display in customary US units.
<b>nvoCOUNT1 - 2</b>	Indicate chiller analog or multi-state values.  <b>Note:</b> These points will always display in customary US units.
<b>nvoCOUNTinc1 - 2</b>	Indicate chiller analog or multi-state values.  <b>Note:</b> These points will always display in customary US units.

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## Rooftop Maintenance (RTUMNT1) Table 1

Figure 4-3 on the page which follows illustrates the Rooftop Maintenance (RTUMNT1) Table. The maintenance values displayed in this table are read-only values that show the current value of the CPP points that have been mapped to the Lonworks variables as the points exist in the CPP system element. These values are updated every 30 seconds. An explanation of each value in the table follows. Note that the valid display ranges are dependent on the point.

<b>nviSpaceTemp</b>	Indicates the commanded space temperature.
<b>nviSetPoint</b>	Indicates the commanded temperature setpoint.
<b>nvoSpaceTemp</b>	Indicates the space temperature.
<b>nvoUnitStatus.mode</b>	Indicates the rooftop's operating mode.  <b>Note:</b> Most CPP rooftops do not contain this point.
<b>nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_p</b>	Indicates the current primary heat capacity in percent full scale.
<b>nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_s</b>	Indicates the current secondary heat capacity in percent full scale.
<b>nvoUnitStatus.cool_out</b>	Indicates the current cooling capacity in percent full scale.
<b>nvoUnitStatus.econ_out</b>	Indicates the current economizer position in percent full scale.
<b>nvoUnitStatus.fan_out</b>	Indicates the current fan speed in percent full scale.  <b>Note:</b> Most CPP rooftops do not contain this point.
<b>nvoUnitStatus.in_alarm</b>	Indicates the alarm status of the chiller.  <b>Notes:</b> Most CPP rooftops do not contain this point.
<b>nviOccSchedule</b>	Indicates the next commanded occupancy state, as determined by the CPP global occupancy equipment table.
<b>nviSetptOffset</b>	Indicates the commanded temperature setpoint offset.  <b>Notes:</b> Most CPP rooftops do not contain this point. Metric points will always assume $^T$ , even if the point is mapped to a temperature.

**Figure 4-3**  
 Rooftop Maintenance  
 (RTUMNT1)  
 Table 1

LEItest::LEI-LON::RTUMNT1: Maintenance Display

Description	Value	Units	Status	Force	Name	Notes
nviSpaceTemp	75.00	dF			POINT01	
nviSetPoint	82.00	dF			POINT02	
nvoSpaceTemp	75.00	dF			POINT03	
nvoUnitStatus.mode	0				POINT04	
nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_p	0.00	%			POINT05	
nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_s	0.00	%			POINT06	
nvoUnitStatus.cool_out	0.00	%			POINT07	
nvoUnitStatus.econ_out	20.00	%			POINT08	
nvoUnitStatus.fan_out	0.00	%			POINT09	
nvoUnitStatus.in_alarm	0				POINT10	
nviOccSchedule	0				POINT11	
nviSetPtOffset	0.00	^F			POINT12	
nviOutsideTemp	82.00	dF			POINT13	
nviOutsideRH	0.00	%RH			POINT14	
nvoEffectSetpt	82.00	dF			POINT15	
nvoOutsideTemp	82.00	dF			POINT16	
nvoOutsideRH	0.00	%RH			POINT17	
nviSpaceRH	0.00	%RH			POINT18	
nviCO2	0.00				POINT19	
nvoCO2	0.00				POINT20	
nviTEMP1	75.00	dF			POINT21	
nvoTEMP1	75.00	dF			POINT22	
nvoTEMP2	82.00	dF			POINT23	
nvoTEMP3	75.00	dF			POINT24	
nvoTEMP4	0.00	dF			POINT25	
nviPRESS1	0.00	in H2O			POINT26	
nvoPRESS1	0.00	in H2O			POINT27	
nvoPRESS2	0.00	in H2O			POINT28	

<b>nviOutsideTemp</b>	Indicates the commanded outside air temperature.
<b>nviOutsideRH</b>	Indicates the commanded outside air relative humidity.
<b>nvoEffectSetpt</b>	Indicates the setpoint temperature.
<b>nvoOutsideTemp</b>	Indicates the outside air temperature.
<b>nvoOutsideRH</b>	Indicates the outside air relative humidity.
<b>nviSpaceRH</b>	Indicates the commanded space relative humidity.
<b>nviCO2</b>	Indicates the commanded CO2 level in ppm.
<b>nvoCO2</b>	Indicates the commanded CO2 level in ppm.
<b>nviTEMP1</b>	Indicates an additional rooftop commanded operating temperature.
<b>nvoTEMP1-4</b>	Indicate additional rooftop operating temperatures.
<b>nviPRESS1</b>	Indicates an additional rooftop commanded operating pressure.
<b>nvoPRESS1 - 2</b>	Indicate additional rooftop operating pressures.

---

## **Rooftop Maintenance (RTUMNT2) Table 2**

Figure 4-4 illustrates the Rooftop Maintenance (RTUMNT2) Table. The maintenance values displayed in this table are read-only values that show the current value of the CPP points that have been mapped to the Lonworks variables as the points exist in the CPP system element. These values are updated every 30 seconds. An explanation of each value in the table follows. Note that the valid display ranges are dependent on the point.

<b>nviPCT1-2</b>	Indicate rooftop commanded parameters in percentage.
<b>nvoPCT1-3</b>	Indicate additional rooftop operating parameters in percentage.
<b>nvoTEMPDIFF1 - 2</b>	Indicate additional rooftop differential temperatures.
<b>nviDISCRETE1 - 3</b>	Indicate additional discrete commanded operating parameters.

<b>nvoDISCRETE1 - 8</b>	Indicate additional discrete commanded operating parameters.
<b>nciCO2Limit</b>	Indicates the commanded CO2 threshold value.
<b>nciSetpnts.occupied_cool</b>	Indicates the commanded occupied cooling setpoint.
<b>nciSetpnts.standby_cool</b>	Indicates the commanded cooling setpoint in standby mode.  <b>Note:</b> Most CPP rooftops do not use this mode.
<b>nciSetpnts.unocc_cool</b>	Indicates the commanded unoccupied cooling setpoint.
<b>nciSetpnts.occupied_heat</b>	Indicates the commanded occupied heating setpoint.
<b>nciSetpnts.standby_heat</b>	Indicates the commanded heating setpoint in standby mode.  <b>Note:</b> Most CPP rooftops do not use this mode.
<b>nciSetpnts.unocc_heat</b>	Indicates the commanded unoccupied heating setpoint.
<b>nviCOUNT1</b>	Indicates a rooftop commanded analog or multi-state parameter.  <b>Note:</b> This point will always display in customary US units.
<b>nvoCOUNT1 - 2</b>	Indicate rooftop analog or multi-state values.  <b>Note:</b> These points will always display in customary US units.
<b>nvoCOUNTinc1 - 2</b>	Indicates rooftop analog or multi-state values.  <b>Note:</b> These points will always display in customary US units.

**Figure 4-4**  
 Rooftop Maintenance  
 (RTUMNT2)  
 Table 2

LEItest::LEI-LON::RTUMNT2: Maintenance Display

The table data is as follows:

Description	Value	Units	Status	Force	Name	Notes
nviPCT1	<b>20.00</b>	%			POINT29	
nviPCT2	<b>0.00</b>	%			POINT30	
nvoPCT1	<b>0.00</b>	%			POINT31	
nvoPCT2	<b>20.00</b>	%			POINT32	
nvoPCT3	<b>0.00</b>	%			POINT33	
nvoTEMPDIFF1	<b>2.00</b>	^F			POINT34	
nvoTEMPDIFF2	<b>0.00</b>	^F			POINT35	
nviDISCRETE1	<b>1</b>				POINT36	
nviDISCRETE2	<b>0</b>				POINT37	
nviDISCRETE3	<b>1</b>				POINT38	
nvoDISCRETE1	<b>1</b>				POINT39	
nvoDISCRETE2	<b>0</b>				POINT40	
nvoDISCRETE3	<b>0</b>				POINT41	
nvoDISCRETE4	<b>0</b>				POINT42	
nvoDISCRETE5	<b>0</b>				POINT43	
nvoDISCRETE6	<b>0</b>				POINT44	
nvoDISCRETE7	<b>0</b>				POINT45	
nvoDISCRETE8	<b>0</b>				POINT46	
nciCO2Limit	<b>0.00</b>				POINT47	
nciSetPnts.occupied_cool	<b>0.00</b>	dF			POINT48	
nciSetPnts.standby_cool	<b>0.00</b>	dF			POINT49	
nciSetPnts.unocc_cool	<b>0.00</b>	dF			POINT50	
nciSetPnts.occupied_heat	<b>0.00</b>	dF			POINT51	
nciSetPnts.standby_heat	<b>0.00</b>	dF			POINT52	
nciSetPnts.unocc_heat	<b>0.00</b>	dF			POINT53	
nviCOUNT1	<b>1150</b>				POINT54	
nvoCOUNT1	<b>1050</b>				POINT55	
nvoCOUNT2	<b>500</b>				POINT56	
nvoCOUNTinc1	<b>1</b>				POINT57	
nvoCOUNTinc2	<b>0</b>				POINT58	

---

## **Generic Maintenance (GNRCMNT1) Table 1**

Figure 4-5 on the page which follows illustrates the Generic Maintenance (GNRCMNT1) Table. The maintenance values displayed in this table are read-only values that show the current value of the CPP points that have been mapped to the Lonworks variables as the points exist in the CPP system element. These values are updated every 30 seconds. An explanation of each value in the table follows. Note that the valid display ranges are dependent on the point.

<b>nvoUnitStatus.mode</b>	Indicates the controller's operating mode.  <b>Note:</b> Most CPP controllers do not contain this point.
<b>nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_p</b>	Indicates the current primary heat capacity in percent full scale.
<b>nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_s</b>	Indicates the current secondary heat capacity in percent full scale.
<b>nvoUnitStatus.cool_out</b>	Indicates the current cooling capacity in percent full scale.
<b>nvoUnitStatus.econ_out</b>	Indicates the current economizer position in percent full scale.
<b>nvoUnitStatus.fan_out</b>	Indicates the current fan speed in percent full scale.
<b>nvoUnitStatus.in_alarm</b>	Indicates the alarm status of the controller.  <b>Note:</b> Most CPP air handlers do not contain this point.
<b>nviOccSchedule</b>	Indicates the next commanded occupancy state, as determined by the CPP global occupancy equipment table.
<b>nviTEMP1 - 3</b>	Indicates an additional controller commanded operating temperature.
<b>nvoTEMP1 - 8</b>	Indicate additional controller operating temperatures.
<b>nviPRESS1 - 2</b>	Indicate additional controller commanded operating pressures.  <b>Note:</b> Most CPP controllers do not allow write access to this point.
<b>nvoPRESS1 - 6</b>	Use these 6 decisions to specify the names of the analog CPP point that will indicate additional controller operating pressures.
<b>nvoTEMPDIFF1 - 2</b>	Indicate additional controller differential temperatures.  <b>Note:</b> Most CPP air handlers do not contain this point.

**Figure 4-3**  
 Generic Maintenance  
 (GNRCMNT1)  
 Table 1

LEItest::LEI-LON::GNRCMNT1: Maintenance Display

Direct connection

Description	Value	Units	Status	Force	Name	Notes
nvoUnitStatus.mode	0				POINT01	
nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_p	0.00	%			POINT02	
nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_s	0.00	%			POINT03	
nvoUnitStatus.cool_out	0.00	%			POINT04	
nvoUnitStatus.econ_out	0.00	%			POINT05	
nvoUnitStatus.fan_out	0.00	%			POINT06	
nvoUnitStatus.in_alarm	1				POINT07	
nviOccSchedule	0				POINT08	
nviTEMP1	84.50	dF			POINT09	
nviTEMP2		dF			POINT10	
nviTEMP3	0.00	dF			POINT11	
nvoTEMP1	75.00	dF			POINT12	
nvoTEMP2	84.50	dF			POINT13	
nvoTEMP3	82.00	dF			POINT14	
nvoTEMP4	77.00	dF			POINT15	
nvoTEMP5	0.00	dF			POINT16	
nvoTEMP6	0.00	dF			POINT17	
nvoTEMP7	0.00	dF			POINT18	
nvoTEMP8	0.00	dF			POINT19	
nviPRESS1	5.00	in H2O			POINT20	
nviPRESS2	0.00	PSI			POINT21	
nvoPRESS1	5.00	in H2O			POINT22	
nvoPRESS2	0.00	in H2O			POINT23	
nvoPRESS3	0.00	PSI			POINT24	
nvoPRESS4	0.00	PSI			POINT25	
nvoPRESS5	0.00	PSI			POINT26	
nvoPRESS6	0.00	PSI			POINT27	
nvoTEMPDIFF1	0.00	^F			POINT28	
nvoTEMPDIFF2	0.00	^F			POINT29	

---

## **Generic Mapping Maintenance (GNRCMNT2) Table 2**

Figure 4-6 on the page which follows illustrates the Generic Maintenance (GNRCMNT2) Table. The maintenance values displayed in this table are read-only values that show the current value of the CPP points that have been mapped to the Lonworks variables as the points exist in the CPP system element. These values are updated every 30 seconds. An explanation of each value in the table follows. Note that the valid display ranges are dependent on the point.

<b>nviPCT1 - 2</b>	Indicate additional controller commanded parameters in percentage.
<b>nvoPCT1 - 4</b>	Indicate additional controller operating parameters in percentage.
<b>nviDISCRETE1 - 3</b>	Indicate additional commanded discrete operating parameters.
<b>nvoDISCRETE1 - 8</b>	Indicate additional discrete operating parameters.
<b>nciSetpts.occupied_cool</b>	Indicates the commanded occupied cooling setpoint.
<b>nciSetpts.standby_cool</b>	Indicates the commanded cooling setpoint in standby mode.  <b>Note:</b> Most CPP controllers do not use this mode.
<b>nciSetpts.unocc_cool</b>	Indicates the commanded unoccupied cooling setpoint.
<b>nciSetpts.occupied_heat</b>	Indicates the commanded occupied heating setpoint.
<b>nciSetpts.standby_heat</b>	Indicates the commanded heating setpoint in standby mode.  <b>Note:</b> Most CPP controllers do not contain this point.
<b>nviPPM</b>	Indicates a commanded parameter in PPM.
<b>nvoPPM</b>	Indicates an analog value in PPM.
<b>nviCOUNT1</b>	Indicates a commanded analog or multi-state parameter.  <b>Note:</b> This point will always display in customary US units.
<b>nvoCOUNT1 - 2</b>	Indicate analog or multi-state values.  <b>Note:</b> These points will always display in customary US units.
<b>nvoCOUNTinc1 - 2</b>	Indicate analog or multi-state values.  <b>Note:</b> These points will always display in customary US units.

**Figure 4-6**  
 Generic Mapping 2  
 Maintenance(GNRCMNT2)  
 Table

LEItest::LEI-LON::GNRCMNT2: Maintenance Display

Direct connection

nviPCT1

Description	Value	Units	Status	Force	Name	Notes
nviPCT1	0.0	%			POINT30	
nviPCT2	0.0	%			POINT31	
nvoPCT1	0.0	%			POINT32	
nvoPCT2	0.0	%			POINT33	
nvoPCT3	0.0	%			POINT34	
nvoPCT4	0.0	%			POINT35	
nviDISCRETE1	0				POINT36	
nviDISCRETE2	1				POINT37	
nviDISCRETE3	0				POINT38	
nvoDISCRETE1	0				POINT39	
nvoDISCRETE2	1				POINT40	
nvoDISCRETE3	0				POINT41	
nvoDISCRETE4	1				POINT42	
nvoDISCRETE5	0				POINT43	
nvoDISCRETE6	0				POINT44	
nvoDISCRETE7	0				POINT45	
nvoDISCRETE8	0				POINT46	
nciSetPnts.occupied_cool	0.00	dF			POINT47	
nciSetPnts.standby_cool	0.00	dF			POINT48	
nciSetPnts.unocc_cool	0.00	dF			POINT49	
nciSetPnts.occupied_heat	0.00	dF			POINT50	
nciSetPnts.standby_heat	0.00	dF			POINT51	
nciSetPnts.unocc_heat	0.00	dF			POINT52	
nviPPM	500				POINT53	
nvoPPM	500				POINT54	
nviCOUNT1	0				POINT55	
nvoCOUNT1	0				POINT56	
nvoCOUNT2	0				POINT57	
nvoCOUNTinc1	0				POINT58	
nvoCOUNTinc2	0				POINT59	

## Communication Status Maintenance (COMMSTAT) Table

**Figure 4-7**  
Communications Status Maintenance (COMMSTAT) Table

Figure 4-7 below illustrates the Communication Status Maintenance (COMMSTAT) Table. The maintenance values displayed in this table are read-only values that show diagnostic data about LonWorks-to-CPP system element communication. These values are updated every 30 seconds. An explanation of each value in the table follows.

**Note:** This information is primarily intended to be used by the Lon systems integrator for troubleshooting.

The screenshot shows a software application window titled "LEItest::LEI-LON::COMMSTAT: Maintenance Display". The window has a toolbar with various icons at the top. A status bar on the right says "Direct connection". The main area contains a table with the following data:

Num Successful Messages						
Description	Value	Units	Status	Force	Name	Notes
Num Successful Messages	11378				COMMGOOD	
Num Failed Messages	0				COMMFAIL	
Communication History 1						
Communication Type	1				TYPE1	
Successful?	Yes				RESULT1	
Communication History 2						
Communication Type	1				TYPE2	
Successful?	Yes				RESULT2	
Communication History 3						
Communication Type	1				TYPE3	
Successful?	Yes				RESULT3	
Communication History 4						
Communication Type	1				TYPE4	
Successful?	Yes				RESULT4	

<b>Num Successful Messages</b>	Indicates the number of successful read, write, and other communication messages sent from LonWorks to the CPP system element. This value is a running total of the number of successful messages detected since the last communication reset. It is not reset on cycling CIAT TRANSLATOR power. It can be reset, however, using the CONFIG Table's Reset Comm. Counters decision.	
	<b>Valid Display</b>	0 - 65,000
<b>Num Failed Messages</b>	Indicates the number of unsuccessful read, write, and other communication messages sent from LonWorks to the CPP system element. This value is a running total of the number of unsuccessful messages detected since the last communication reset. It is not reset on cycling power to the CIAT Translator. It can be reset, however, using the CONFIG Table's Reset Comm. Counters decision.	
	<b>Valid Display</b>	0 - 65,000
<b>Communication History 1 - 4</b>	These 4 decisions display the below-listed data about the four most recent LonWorks-to-CPP communication messages.	
<b>Communication Type</b>	Indicates the type of communication message.	
	<b>Valid Display</b>	1 = Read Network Variable 2 = Write Network Variable 3 = Other
<b>Successful?</b>	Indicates whether or not this communication was successful.	
	<b>Valid Display</b>	Yes/No

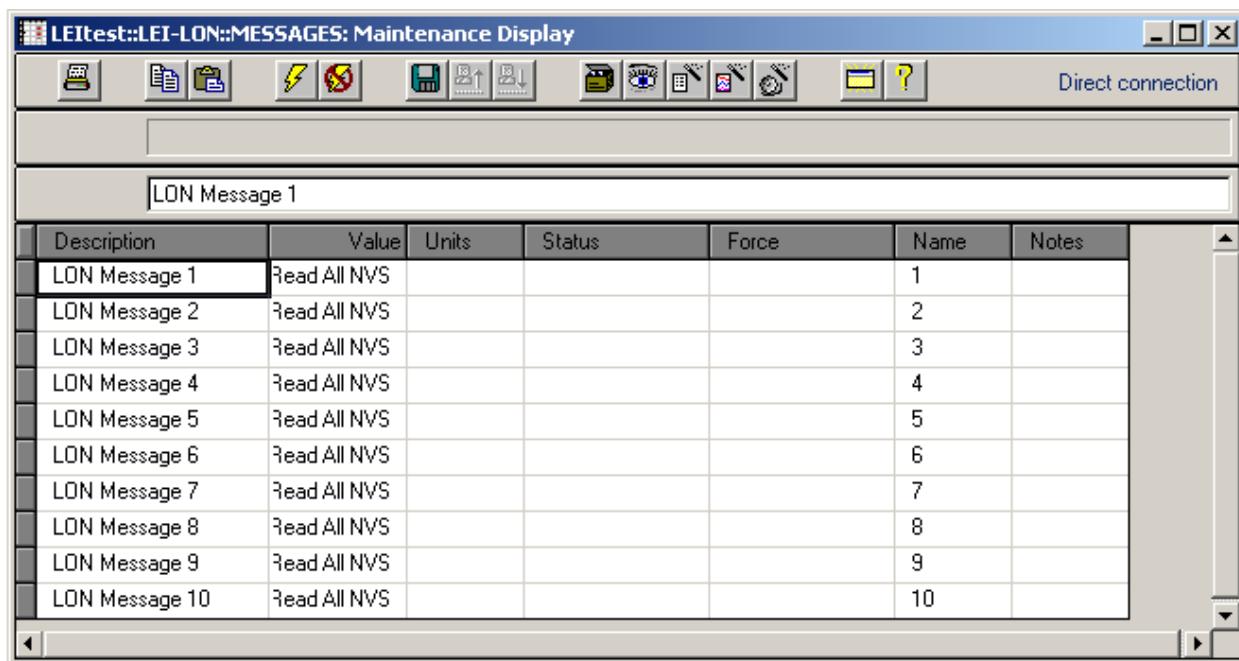
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## Messages Maintenance (MESSAGES) Table

**Figure 4-8**  
Messages Maintenance (MESSAGES) Table

Figure 4-8 below illustrates the Messages Maintenance (MESSAGES) Table. The maintenance values displayed in this table are read-only values that show diagnostic data about LonWorks-to-CPP system element communication messages. These values are updated every 30 seconds. An explanation of each value in the table follows.

**Note:** This information is primarily intended to be used by the Lon systems integrator for troubleshooting.



Description	Value	Units	Status	Force	Name	Notes
LON Message 1	Read All NVS				1	
LON Message 2	Read All NVS				2	
LON Message 3	Read All NVS				3	
LON Message 4	Read All NVS				4	
LON Message 5	Read All NVS				5	
LON Message 6	Read All NVS				6	
LON Message 7	Read All NVS				7	
LON Message 8	Read All NVS				8	
LON Message 9	Read All NVS				9	
LON Message 10	Read All NVS				10	

## **LON Message 1 - 10**

These 10 decisions display diagnostic information about the 10 most recent LonWorks-to-CPP communication messages.

### **Valid Display**

Selfconfiguration  
Read all NVs  
Propagate NV#  
Set NV#  
Read NV#

where: NV=Network Variable  
#= Number of the Network Variable

The Propagate and Set commands both refer to writes to CPP points. Propagate indicates that the value has not changed, but the CIAT Translator's 30 second refresh has caused Lonworks to write to the CPP point again. Set indicates that Lonworks has written a new value to the CPP point.

# Appendix

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## Appendix

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This section contains examples of actual configurations for a chiller, rooftop, and generic template, along with a list of LON SNVTs and corresponding CPP point names and descriptions.

**Figure A-2**  
Sample Configuration for  
CHLRMAP1 Table

CHLRMAP1	SNVT Type	Read or Write?	CPP Point Description	CPP Point Name
nviChillerEnable	SNVT_switch	POINT01 W	Chiller Start/Stop	CHIL_S_S
nviCoolSetpt	SNVT_temp_p	POINT02 W	Leaving Chilled Water Control Point	LCW_STPT
nvoOnOff	SNVT_switch	POINT03 R		
nvoActiveSept	SNVT_temp_p	POINT04 R	Leaving Chilled Water Control Point	LCW_STPT
nviCapacityLim	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT05 W	Active Demand Limit	DEM_LIM
nviHeatSetpt	SNVT_temp_p	POINT06 W		
nvoActualCapacity	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT07 R	Motor Percent Kilowatts	KW_P
nvoCapacityLim	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT08 R	Active Demand Limit	DEM_LIM
nvlvgCHWTemp	SNVT_temp_p	POINT09 R	Leaving Chilled Water	LCW
nvoEntCHWTemp	SNVT_temp_p	POINT10 R	Entering Chilled Water	ECW
nvoEntCNDVTemp	SNVT_temp_p	POINT11 R	Entering Condenser Water	ECDW
nvlvgCNDVTemp	SNVT_temp_p	POINT12 R	Leaving Condenser Water	LCDW
nvoChillerStat.run_mode	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT13 R		
nvoChillerStat.op_mode	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT14 R		
nvoChillerStat.in_alarm	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT15 R		
nvoChillerStat.run_enabl	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT16 R		
nvoChillerStat.Local	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT17 R		
nvoChillerStat.Limited	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT18 R		
nvoChillerStat.chw_flow	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT19 R		
nvoChillerStat.cndw_flow	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT20 R		
nvoOccSchedule	SNVT_occupancy	POINT21 W		

**Figure A-2**  
Sample Configuration for  
CHLRMAP2 Table

CHLRMAP2	SNVT Type	Read or Write? CPP Point Description	CPP Point Name
nviTEMP1	SNVT_temp_p	POINT22 .....	W .....
nvoTEMP1	SNVT_temp_p	POINT23 .....	R .....
nvoTEMP2	SNVT_temp_p	POINT24 .....	R .....
nvoTEMP3	SNVT_temp_p	POINT25 .....	R .....
nvoTEMP4	SNVT_temp_p	POINT26 .....	R .....
nvoTEMP5	SNVT_temp_p	POINT27 .....	R .....
nvoTEMP6	SNVT_temp_p	POINT28 .....	R .....
nviPRESS1	SNVT_press	POINT29 .....	W .....
nvoPRESS1	SNVT_press	POINT30 .....	R .....
nvoPRESS2	SNVT_press	POINT31 .....	R .....
nvoPRESS3	SNVT_press	POINT32 .....	R .....
nvoPRESS4	SNVT_press	POINT33 .....	R .....
nvoPCT1	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT34 .....	AverageLineCurrent .....
nvoPCT2	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT35 .....	AMPS_% .....
nvoTEMPDIFF1	SNVT_temp_diff_p	POINT36 .....	ERP .....
nvoTEMPDIFF2	SNVT_temp_diff_p	POINT37 .....	CRP .....
nviDISCRETE1	SNVT_switch	POINT38 .....	OILPD .....
nviDISCRETE2	SNVT_switch	POINT39 .....	Oil Pump Delta P .....
nvoDISCRETE1	SNVT_switch	POINT40 .....	POINT34 .....
nvoDISCRETE2	SNVT_switch	POINT41 .....	POINT35 .....
nvoDISCRETE3	SNVT_switch	POINT42 .....	POINT36 .....
nvoDISCRETE4	SNVT_switch	POINT43 .....	POINT37 .....
nvoDISCRETE5	SNVT_switch	POINT44 .....	POINT38 .....
nvoDISCRETE6	SNVT_switch	POINT45 .....	POINT39 .....
nviCOUNT1	SNVT_count	POINT46 .....	POINT40 .....
nvoCOUNT1	SNVT_count	POINT47 .....	ControlMode .....
nvoCOUNT2	SNVT_count	POINT48 .....	RunStatus .....
nvoCOUNTinc1	SNVT_count_inc	POINT49 .....	SYS_ALARM .....
nvoCOUNTinc2	SNVT_count_inc	POINT50 .....	R .....

**Figure A-3**  
CHLRMAP1 Table SNVTs  
and CPP Points

LEI Address:	Attached Device:	Attached Device Address:	LON Profile:	CHLRMAP1	SNVT Type	Read or Write?.. CPP Point Description
nviChillerEnable .....	SNVT_switch	POINT01	W .....	Chiller Start/Stop (1/0)		
nviCoolSetpt .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT02	W .....	Chilled Water Control Temp (degF)		
nvoOnOff .....	SNVT_switch	POINT03	R .....	Chiller On/Off (1/0) (NA)		
nvoActiveSetpt .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT04	R .....	Chilled Water Control Temp (degF)		
nviCapacityLim .....	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT05	W .....	Active Demand Limit (%)		
nviHeatSetpt .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT06	W .....	Hot Water Control Temp (degF)		
nvoActualCapacity .....	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT07	R .....	Percent Capacity (%)		
nvoCapacityLim .....	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT08	R .....	Active Demand Limit (%)		
nvoLogCHWTemp .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT09	R .....	Leaving Chilled Water Temp (degF)		
nvoEntCHWTemp .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT10	R .....	Entering Chilled Water Temp (degF)		
nvoEntCNDWTemp .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT11	R .....	Leaving Cond Water Temp (degF)		
nvoLogCNDWTemp .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT12	R .....	Entering Cond Water Temp (degF)		
nvoChillerStat.run_mode .....	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT13	R .....	(NA)		
nvoChillerStat.op_mode .....	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT14	R .....	(NA)		
nvoChillerStat.in_alarm .....	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT15	R .....	Chiller In Alarm (1/0) (NA)		
nvoChillerStat.run_enabl .....	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT16	R .....	Chiller Run Enabled (1/0) (NA)		
nvoChillerStat.Local .....	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT17	R .....	Chiller Local Enabled (1/0) (NA)		
nvoChillerStat.Limited .....	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT18	R .....	Chiller Demand Limited (1/0) (NA)		
nvoChillerStat.chw_flow .....	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT19	R .....	Chilled Water Flow Detected (1/0)		
nvoChillerStat.cnwd_flow .....	SNVT_chlr_status	POINT20	R .....	Cond Water Flow Detected (1/0)		
nviOccSchedule .....	SNVT_occupancy	POINT21	W .....	Global CPP Occupancy (>64)		

**Figure A-4**  
**CHLRMAP2**  
Table SNVTs  
and CPP Points

<b>CHLRMAP2</b>	<b>SNVT Type</b>	<b>Read or Write?</b>	<b>CPP Point Description</b>
nviTEMP1	SNVT_temp_p	POINT22	W ..... Temperature (degF)
nvoTEMP1	SNVT_temp_p	POINT23	R ..... Temperature (degF)
nvoTEMP2	SNVT_temp_p	POINT24	R ..... Temperature (degF)
nvoTEMP3	SNVT_temp_p	POINT25	R ..... Temperature (degF)
nvoTEMP4	SNVT_temp_p	POINT26	R ..... Temperature (degF)
nvoTEMP5	SNVT_temp_p	POINT27	R ..... Temperature (degF)
nvoTEMP6	SNVT_temp_p	POINT28	R ..... Temperature (degF)
nviPRESS1	SNVT_press	POINT29	W ..... Pressure (PSI)
nvoPRESS1	SNVT_press	POINT30	R ..... Pressure (PSI)
nvoPRESS2	SNVT_press	POINT31	R ..... Pressure (PSI)
nvoPRESS3	SNVT_press	POINT32	R ..... Pressure (PSI)
nvoPRESS4	SNVT_press	POINT33	R ..... Pressure (PSI)
nvoPCT1	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT34	R ..... Percent (%)
nvoPCT2	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT35	R ..... Percent (%)
nvoTEMPDIFF1	SNVT_temp_diff_p	POINT36	R ..... Delta Temperature (^F)
nvoTEMPDIFF2	SNVT_temp_diff_p	POINT37	R ..... Delta Temperature (^F)
nviDISCRETE1	SNVT_switch	POINT38	W ..... Discrete (1/0)
nviDISCRETE2	SNVT_switch	POINT39	W ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE1	SNVT_switch	POINT40	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE2	SNVT_switch	POINT41	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE3	SNVT_switch	POINT42	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE4	SNVT_switch	POINT43	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE5	SNVT_switch	POINT44	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE6	SNVT_switch	POINT45	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nviCOUNT1	SNVT_count	POINT46	W ..... Generic analog or discrete (0-65535)
nvoCOUNT1	SNVT_count	POINT47	R ..... Generic analog or discrete (0-65535)
nvoCOUNT2	SNVT_count	POINT48	R ..... Generic analog or discrete (0-65535)
nvoCOUNTinc1	SNVT_count_inc	POINT49	R ..... Generic analog or discrete (-32767 - 32767)
nvoCOUNTinc2	SNVT_count_inc	POINT50	R ..... Generic analog or discrete (-32767 - 32767)

**Figure A-5**  
Sample Configuration for  
RTUMAP1 Table

RTUMAP1	SNVT Type	Read or Write?	CPP Point Description	CPP Point Name
nviSpaceTemp .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT01 .....	W .....	
nviSetPoint .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT02 .....	W .....	
nvoSpaceTemp .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT03 .....	R .....	Space Temperature .....
nvoUnitStatus.mode .....	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT04 .....	R .....	
nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_p .....	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT05 .....	R .....	
nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_s .....	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT06 .....	R .....	
nvoUnitStatus.cool_out .....	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT07 .....	R .....	
nvoUnitStatus.econ_out .....	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT08 .....	R .....	
nvoUnitStatus.fan_out .....	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT09 .....	R .....	
nvoUnitStatus.in_alarm .....	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT10 .....	R .....	Occupancy Schedule .....
nviOccSchedule .....	SNVT_occupancy	POINT11 .....	W .....	OCCPC65E .....
nviSetPtOffset .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT12 .....	W .....	
nviOutsideTemp .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT13 .....	W .....	
nviOutsideRH .....	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT14 .....	W .....	
nvoEffectSetpt .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT15 .....	R .....	
nvoOutsideTemp .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT16 .....	R .....	Outdoor Air Temperature .....
nvoOutsideRH .....	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT17 .....	R .....	OAT .....
nviSpaceRH .....	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT18 .....	W .....	
nviCO2 .....	SNVT_ppm	POINT19 .....	W .....	
nvoTEMP1 .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT20 .....	R .....	IAQ .....
nvoTEMP1 .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT21 .....	W .....	Indoor Air CO2 Level .....
nvoTEMP2 .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT22 .....	R .....	SAT .....
nvoTEMP3 .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT23 .....	R .....	
nvoTEMP4 .....	SNVT_temp_p	POINT24 .....	R .....	
nviPRESS1 .....	SNVT_press_p	POINT25 .....	R .....	
nvoPRESS1 .....	SNVT_press_p	POINT26 .....	W .....	
nvoPRESS2 .....	SNVT_press_p	POINT27 .....	R .....	
nvoPRESS2 .....	SNVT_press_p	POINT28 .....	R .....	

**Figure A-6**  
Sample Configuration  
for RTUMAP2 Table

RTUMAP2	SNVT Type	Read or Write?	CPP Point Description	CPP Point Name
nviPCT1	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT29	W	
nviPCT2	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT30	W	
nvoPCT1	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT31	R	ECONOPOS
nvoPCT2	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT32	R	Economizer Position .....
nvoPCT3	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT33	R	Economizer Min. Position in Effect .....
nvoTEMPDIFF1	SNVT_temp_diff_p	POINT34	R	
nvoTEMPDIFF2	SNVT_temp_diff_p	POINT35	R	
nviDISCRETE1	SNVT_switch	POINT36	W	Currently Occupied .....
nviDISCRETE2	SNVT_switch	POINT37	W	OCCUPIED .....
nviDISCRETE3	SNVT_switch	POINT38	W	FIREDOWN .....
nvoDISCRETE1	SNVT_switch	POINT39	R	Currently Occupied .....
nvoDISCRETE2	SNVT_switch	POINT40	R	Supply Fan Status .....
nvoDISCRETE3	SNVT_switch	POINT41	R	FAN_STAT .....
nvoDISCRETE4	SNVT_switch	POINT42	R	Heating Stage 1 .....
nvoDISCRETE5	SNVT_switch	POINT43	R	HEAT_1 .....
nvoDISCRETE6	SNVT_switch	POINT44	R	Heating Stage 2 .....
nvoDISCRETE7	SNVT_switch	POINT45	R	HEAT_2 .....
nvoDISCRETE8	SNVT_switch	POINT46	R	COMP_A1 .....
nciCO2Limit	SNVT_ppm	POINT47	W	COMP_B1 .....
nciSetPnts.occupied_cool	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT48	W	COMP_C1 .....
nciSetPnts.standby_cool	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT49	W	OCSP .....
nciSetPnts.unocc_cool	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT50	W	Unoccupied Cooling Setpoint .....
nciSetPnts.occupied_heat	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT51	W	UCSP .....
nciSetPnts.standby_heat	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT52	W	Occupied Heating Setpoint .....
nciSetPnts.unocc_heat	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT53	W	OHSP .....
nviCOUNT1	SNVT_count	POINT54	W	UHSP .....
nvoCOUNT1	SNVT_count	POINT55	R	
nvoCOUNT2	SNVT_count	POINT56	R	
nvoCOUNTinc1	SNVT_count_inc	POINT57	R	
nvoCOUNTinc2	SNVT_count_inc	POINT58	R	

**Job Site:**  
**LEI Address:**  
**Attached Device:**  
**Attached Device Address:**  
**LON Profile:**

**Figure A-7**  
**RTUMAP1 Table SNVTs and CPP Points**

(NA) Means not generally applicable to CPP

SNVT Type	Read or Write?	CPP Point Description
SNVT_temp_p	W	Space Temperature (degF)
SNVT_temp_p	W	Supply Air Setpoint on VAV units (degF)
SNVT_temp_p	R	Space Temperature (degF)
SNVT_hvac_status	R	(NA)
SNVT_hvac_status	R	Heating Coil Valve (%)
SNVT_hvac_status	R	Secondary Heating Coil Valve (%) (NA)
SNVT_hvac_status	R	Cooling Coil Valve (%)
SNVT_hvac_status	R	Economizer (%)
SNVT_hvac_status	R	Fan Speed (%)
SNVT_hvac_status	R	Discrete Alarm point (1/0)
SNVT_hvac_status	W	Global CPP Occupancy (>64)
SNVT_hvac_status	W	Temperature(degF)
SNVT_hvac_status	W	Outdoor Air Temperature (degF)
SNVT_lev_percent	W	Outdoor Air RH (%)
SNVT_lev_percent	R	Controlling Setpoint (degF)
SNVT_temp_p	R	Outdoor Air Temperature (degF)
SNVT_temp_p	R	Outdoor Air RH (%)
SNVT_temp_p	W	Space RH (%)
SNVT_ppm	W	IAQ (PPM)
SNVT_ppm	R	IAQ (PPM)
SNVT_temp_p	W	Temperature(degF)
SNVT_temp_p	R	Temperature(degF)
SNVT_temp_p	R	Temperature(degF)
SNVT_temp_p	R	Temperature(degF)
SNVT_press_p	W	Pressure ("H2O)
SNVT_press_p	R	Pressure ("H2O)
SNVT_press_p	R	Pressure ("H2O)

**Figure A-8**  
RTUMAP2 Table SNVTs and  
CPP Points

RTUMAP2	SNVT Type	Read or Write?	CPP Point Description
nviPCT1	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT29 .....	W ..... Percent (%)
nviPCT2	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT30 .....	W ..... Percent (%)
nvoPCT1	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT31 .....	R ..... Percent (%)
nvoPCT2	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT32 .....	R ..... Percent (%)
nvoPCT3	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT33 .....	R ..... Percent (%)
nvoTEMPDIFF1	SNVT_temp_diff_dp	POINT34 .....	R ..... Delta Temperature (^F)
nvoTEMPDIFF2	SNVT_temp_diff_dp	POINT35 .....	R ..... Delta Temperature (^F)
nviDISCRETE1	SNVT_switch	POINT36 .....	W ..... Discrete (1/0)
nviDISCRETE2	SNVT_switch	POINT37 .....	W ..... Discrete (1/0)
nviDISCRETE3	SNVT_switch	POINT38 .....	W ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE1	SNVT_switch	POINT39 .....	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE2	SNVT_switch	POINT40 .....	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE3	SNVT_switch	POINT41 .....	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE4	SNVT_switch	POINT42 .....	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE5	SNVT_switch	POINT43 .....	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE6	SNVT_switch	POINT44 .....	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE7	SNVT_switch	POINT45 .....	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE8	SNVT_switch	POINT46 .....	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nciCO2Limit	SNVT_ppm	POINT47 .....	W ..... IAQ Setpoint (PPM)
nciSetPrts.occupied_cool	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT48 .....	W ..... Temperature Setpoint (degF)
nciSetPrts.standby_cool	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT49 .....	W ..... (NA)
nciSetPrts.unocc_cool	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT50 .....	W ..... Temperature Setpoint (degF)
nciSetPrts.occupied_heat	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT51 .....	W ..... Temperature Setpoint (degF)
nciSetPrts.standby_heat	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT52 .....	W ..... (NA)
nciSetPrts.unocc_heat	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT53 .....	W ..... Temperature Setpoint (degF)
nviCOUNT1	SNVT_count	POINT54 .....	W ..... Generic analog or discrete (0-65535)
nvoCOUNT1	SNVT_count	POINT55 .....	R ..... Generic analog or discrete (0-65535)
nvoCOUNT2	SNVT_count	POINT56 .....	R ..... Generic analog or discrete (0-65535)
nvoCOUNTinc1	SNVT_count_inc	POINT57 .....	R ..... Generic analog or discrete (-32767 - 32767)
nvoCOUNTinc2	SNVT_count_inc	POINT58 .....	R ..... Generic analog or discrete (-32767 - 32767)

**Figure A-9**  
Sample Configuration for  
GNRCMAP1 Table

Job Site:	0, 182	SNVT Type	CPP Point Description	Read or Write?
LEI Address:	PremierLink	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT01	R
Attached Device:	0, 31	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT02	R
Attached Device Address:		SNVT_hvac_status	POINT03	R
LON Profile:	Generic	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT04	R
		SNVT_hvac_status	POINT05	R
		SNVT_hvac_status	POINT06	R
		SNVT_hvac_status	POINT07	R
		SNVT_hvac_status	POINT08	W
nviTEMP1		SNVT_temp_p	POINT09	W
nviTEMP2		SNVT_temp_p	POINT10	W
nviTEMP3		SNVT_temp_p	POINT11	W
nvoTEMP1		SNVT_temp_p	POINT12	R
nvoTEMP2		SNVT_temp_p	POINT13	R
nvoTEMP3		SNVT_temp_p	POINT14	R
nvoTEMP4		SNVT_temp_p	POINT15	R
nvoTEMP5		SNVT_temp_p	POINT16	R
nvoTEMP6		SNVT_temp_p	POINT17	R
nvoTEMP7		SNVT_temp_p	POINT18	R
nvoTEMP8		SNVT_temp_p	POINT19	R
nviPRESS1		SNVT_press_p	POINT20	W
nviPRESS2		SNVT_press	POINT21	W
nvoPRESS1		SNVT_press_p	POINT22	R
nvoPRESS2		SNVT_press_p	POINT23	R
nvoPRESS3		SNVT_press	POINT24	R
nvoPRESS4		SNVT_press	POINT25	R
nvoPRESS5		SNVT_press	POINT26	R
nvoPRESS6		SNVT_press	POINT27	R
nvoTEMPDIFF1		SNVT_temp_diff_p	POINT28	R
nvoTEMPDIFF2		SNVT_temp_diff_p	POINT29	R

**Figure A-10**  
Sample Configuration  
for GNRCMAP2 Table

GNRCMAP2	SNVT Type	Read or Write?	CPP Point Description	CPP Point Name
nviPCT1	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT30	W	
nviPCT2	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT31	W	
nvoPCT1	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT32	R	Cooling % Total Capacity
nvoPCT2	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT33	R	Heating % Total Capacity
nvoPCT3	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT34	R	Economizer Position
nvoPCT4	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT35	R	
nviDISCRETE1	SNVT_switch	POINT36	W	Remote Occupied Mode
nviDISCRETE2	SNVT_switch	POINT37	W	
nviDISCRETE3	SNVT_switch	POINT38	W	
nvoDISCRETE1	SNVT_switch	POINT39	R	SF
nvoDISCRETE2	SNVT_switch	POINT40	R	ECOS
nvoDISCRETE3	SNVT_switch	POINT41	R	RMTOCC
nvoDISCRETE4	SNVT_switch	POINT42	R	
nvoDISCRETE5	SNVT_switch	POINT43	R	
nvoDISCRETE6	SNVT_switch	POINT44	R	
nvoDISCRETE7	SNVT_switch	POINT45	R	
nvoDISCRETE8	SNVT_switch	POINT46	R	
nciSetPnts.occupied_cool	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT47	W	Occupied Cooling Setpoint
nciSetPnts.standby_cool	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT48	W	
nciSetPnts.unocc_cool	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT49	W	Unoccupied Cooling Setpoint
nciSetPnts.occupied_heat	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT50	W	Occupied Heating Setpoint
nciSetPnts.standby_heat	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT51	W	
nciSetPnts.unocc_heat	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT52	W	Unoccupied Heating Setpoint
nviPPM	SNVT_ppm	POINT53	W	
nvoPPM	SNVT_ppm	POINT54	R	
nviCOUNT1	SNVT_count	POINT55	W	
nvoCOUNT1	SNVT_count	POINT56	R	
nvoCOUNT2	SNVT_count	POINT57	R	
nvoCOUNTinc1	SNVT_count_inc	POINT58	R	
nvoCOUNTinc2	SNVT_count_inc	POINT59	R	

**Figure A-11**  
**GNRCMAP1 Table SNVTs**  
**and CPP Points**

Job Site:	LEI Address:	Attached Device:	Attached Device Address:	LON Profile:	(NA) Means not generally applicable to CPP	SNVT Type	Read or Write?	CPP PointDescription
nvoUnitStatus.mode	nvuUnitStatus.hvac_status	POINT01	R	(NA)	Heating Coil Valve (%)			
nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_p	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT02	R	Secondary Heating Coil Valve (%)				
nvoUnitStatus.heat_out_s	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT03	R	Cooling Coil Valve (%)				
nvoUnitStatus.cool_out	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT04	R	Economizer (%)				
nvoUnitStatus.econ_out	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT05	R	Fan Speed (%)				
nvoUnitStatus.fan_out	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT06	R	Discrete Alarm point (1/0)				
nvoUnitStatus.in_alarm	SNVT_hvac_status	POINT07	R	Global CPP Occupancy (>64)				
nvoOccSchedule	SNVT_occupancy	POINT08	W	Temperature (degF)				
nvTEMP1	SNVT_temp_p	POINT09	W	Temperature (degF)				
nvTEMP2	SNVT_temp_p	POINT10	W	Temperature (degF)				
nvTEMP3	SNVT_temp_p	POINT11	W	Temperature (degF)				
nvoTEMP1	SNVT_temp_p	POINT12	R	Temperature (degF)				
nvoTEMP2	SNVT_temp_p	POINT13	R	Temperature (degF)				
nvoTEMP3	SNVT_temp_p	POINT14	R	Temperature (degF)				
nvoTEMP4	SNVT_temp_p	POINT15	R	Temperature (degF)				
nvoTEMP5	SNVT_temp_p	POINT16	R	Temperature (degF)				
nvoTEMP6	SNVT_temp_p	POINT17	R	Temperature (degF)				
nvoTEMP7	SNVT_temp_p	POINT18	R	Temperature (degF)				
nvoTEMP8	SNVT_temp_p	POINT19	R	Temperature (degF)				
nvoPRESS1	SNVT_press_p	POINT20	W	Pressure ("H2O)				
nvoPRESS2	SNVT_press_p	POINT21	W	Pressure (PSI)				
nvoPRESS1	SNVT_press_p	POINT22	R	Pressure ("H2O)				
nvoPRESS2	SNVT_press_p	POINT23	R	Pressure (PSI)				
nvoPRESS3	SNVT_press	POINT24	R	Pressure (PSI)				
nvoPRESS4	SNVT_press	POINT25	R	Pressure (PSI)				
nvoPRESS5	SNVT_press	POINT26	R	Pressure (PSI)				
nvoPRESS6	SNVT_press	POINT27	R	Pressure (PSI)				
nvoTEMPDIFF1	SNVT_temp_diff_p	POINT28	R	Delta Temperature (^F)				
nvoTEMPDIFF2	SNVT_temp_diff_p	POINT29	R	Delta Temperature (^F)				

**Figure A-12**  
GNRCMAP2 Table SNVTs  
and CPP Points

GNRCMAP2	SNVT Type	Read or Write?	CPP Point Description
nviPCT1	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT30	W ..... Percent (%)
nviPCT2	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT31	W ..... Percent (%)
nvoPCT1	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT32	R ..... Percent (%)
nvoPCT2	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT33	R ..... Percent (%)
nvoPCT3	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT34	R ..... Percent (%)
nvoPCT4	SNVT_lev_percent	POINT35	R ..... Percent (%)
nviDISCRETE1	SNVT_switch	POINT36	W ..... Discrete (1/0)
nviDISCRETE2	SNVT_switch	POINT37	W ..... Discrete (1/0)
nviDISCRETE3	SNVT_switch	POINT38	W ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE1	SNVT_switch	POINT39	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE2	SNVT_switch	POINT40	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE3	SNVT_switch	POINT41	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE4	SNVT_switch	POINT42	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE5	SNVT_switch	POINT43	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE6	SNVT_switch	POINT44	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE7	SNVT_switch	POINT45	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nvoDISCRETE8	SNVT_switch	POINT46	R ..... Discrete (1/0)
nciSetPrts.occupied_cool	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT47	W ..... Temperature Setpoint (degF)
nciSetPrts.standby_cool	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT48	W ..... (NA)
nciSetPrts.unocc_cool	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT49	W ..... Temperature Setpoint (degF)
nciSetPrts.occupied_heat	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT50	W ..... Temperature Setpoint (degF)
nciSetPrts.standby_heat	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT51	W ..... (NA)
nciSetPrts.unocc_heat	SNVT_temp_setpt	POINT52	W ..... Temperature Setpoint (degF)
nviPPM	SNVT_ppm	POINT53	W ..... IAQ (PPM)
nvoPPM	SNVT_ppm	POINT54	R ..... IAQ (PPM)
nviCOUNT1	SNVT_count	POINT55	W ..... Generic analog or discrete (0-65535)
nvoCOUNT1	SNVT_count	POINT56	R ..... Generic analog or discrete (0-65535)
nvoCOUNT2	SNVT_count	POINT57	R ..... Generic analog or discrete (0-65535)
nvoCOUNTinc1	SNVT_count_inc	POINT58	R ..... Generic analog or discrete (-32767-32767)
nvoCOUNTinc2	SNVT_count_inc	POINT59	R ..... Generic analog or discrete (-32767-32767)



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